Recognized Authority on Connellsville Coke Trade.

The Weekly Courier

Circulates Wherever Coke is Manufactured or Used.

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Prices and Prospects.

MILD REVIVAL IN IRON AND STEEL IS BELIEVED TO BE APPROACHING

Dullness Has Been So Great It Cannot Last Very Much Longer.

ALMOST NO COKE TRADE

Although a Fair Number of Foundry Sales Have Been Made, But These Show Decreasing Tendencies; Prices at Bottom Until Changes in Wages.

Special to The Weekly Courier.

PITTSBURG, March 2—The coke market itself has been without important incident in the past week, but the iron and steel trade has made some progress toward readjustment, and it is a common view in the trade that a revival, even if a mild one, in business in the iron and steel industry generally is being approached.

There are two main reasons for the belief that an expansion in business will soon occur. One is that the dullness in the past few weeks has been altogether too great to last. Even in generally dull times there is a moderate amount of business done, while in the past few weeks there has been scarcely any, in pig iron, in unfinished steel and in finished steel products. The other reason is that spring is approaching, and there is invariably heavier business in spring, unless there has previously been heavy buying in anticipation.

There is some merchant coke being made, shipped and consumed, though by no means a great deal. The quantity is far below the normal even for dull times. As to sales, there are practically none in furnace coke, but there is a very fair number of sales in foundry coke. The frequency of sales of foundry coke is due to two influences, that nearly all consumers, including some that usually are large consumers are buying single carloads now, and that many consumers who ordinarily contract for coke are without contracts now and therefore are buying from hand to mouth. Some members of the trade admit, however, that the volume of foundry iron sales has shown a tendency to decrease from week to week up to the present time. They see signs this week, however, of some revival in inquiry and hopes are entertained that in a few weeks business in foundry coke will be somewhat more active.

As to coke prices, it is now made clear that barring accidents prices have gotten down to bottom as long as the present general wage scale remains. The chief testimony is the practical one that prices this week are quotable at precisely the same level as a week ago and two weeks ago. Certainly if the market were declining it would not allow two weeks to pass without any change. Market prices may be quoted as follows, the same as for the past two weeks:

Spot furnace	$4.50@$5.00
Spot foundry	$5.75@$6.50
Contract furnace	$5.00@$5.75
Contract foundry	$6.50

Heating coke is bringing about $4.00 but there is not much demand nor are there heavy offerings. The amount of spot furnace coke that could be picked up at $4.50 is probably not large, but it covers more tonnage than is likely to be called for in the present condition of the blast furnace industry. As to contract furnace, the figures are nominal in that there is no negotiating, but they represent approximately the price range in the views of the operators who would like to make contracts.

As a sufficient evidence of conditions in the blast furnace industry, there are only four merchant blast furnaces active in the Mahoning and Shenango Valleys, these being Cherry Valley at Leetonia, O., Mattie at Girard, O., Ella at West Middlesex, Pa., and Stewart at Sharon, Pa. Of these four furnaces two or three may possibly blow out within a short time, as they are piling the major portion of their output and it is not considered good business to tie up much capital in pig iron at present costs and with the present outlook. One of the Shenango furnaces, which was active recently after the other two Shenango furnaces had been blown out, and was banked for a time has now gone out of blast entirely as the prospect of its product being required in the near future had diminished.

There is practically no demand for pig iron of any grade. In the past week there have been a few inquiries for lots ranging up to 500 tons, but as the largest inquiry represented merely a day's output of a single furnace the inquiry has not made any business worth mentioning, and has barely sufficed to show where market prices stand. Bessemer and basic are not quotably changed from a week ago, while foundry iron is quotable $1.50 lower, at $26.50, Valley. This quotation has been made on several occasions. The market now stands quotable as follows:

Bessemer	$27.00
Basic	$25.00
Foundry	$26.50

These prices are f. o. b. Valley furnaces, freight to Pittsburg being $1.96.

The market as now quoted is considerably below the cost of production, based on present cost of coke and on the cost of the iron ore being used, which was bought last season. Ore prices in the new season are expected to be lower, possibly by as much as a dollar a ton, but even after a furnace had absorbed a loss of a dollar a ton on the ore the price of basic iron of $25, Valley, now quoted, would represent a loss. Nor is there much room for further reduction in costs, since the furnaces are up against a stone wall in the matter of the high freight rates they have to pay for assembling their raw materials.

W. P. Snyder & Company report average prices of Valley, Bessemer and basic pig iron in February, computed from actual sales reported in the trade at $27 for Bessemer and $25 for Valley, or $8 under the January averages.

COKE FREIGHT RATES.

The freight rates on coke from the Connellsville district, which includes what is officially known as the Connellsville region (connecting called the Basin district) and the Lower Connellsville district (often called the Klondike and sometimes the Masontown district) to principal points to shipment, are as follows, per net ton of 2,000 pounds, effective August 20, 1920:

Destination	Rate.
Bartmeiro	$3.00
Buffalo	3.60
Canton	4.00
Chicago	4.22
Cleveland	3.06
Columbus	3.68
Detroit	4.06
E. St. Louis	4.70
Erie	3.66
Harrisburg	3.—
Joliet	4.62
Louisville	4.62
Milwaukee	5.04
New York	4.54
Philadelphia	3.96
Pittsburg	1.96
Port Henry, N. Y.	5.04
Port Maitland, Ont.	3.91
Pottstown	3.78
Reading	3.78
Richmond, Va. (B. & O.)	5.22
Richmond, Va. (C. & R. R.)	5.32
South Bethlehem	3.96
Swedeland, Pa.	3.96
Toledo, O.	3.91
Wheeling	2.96
Valley Points	2.96

For Export.

From Connellsville District:

Philadelphia (F. O. B. vessels)	$4.36
Baltimore (F. O. B. vessels)	3.96

From Latrobe District:

Philadelphia (F. O. B. vessels)	3.16
Baltimore (F. O. B. vessels)	3.16

APPARENT HALT IN DECLINE OF PRICE OF FINISHED STEEL

Cut Has Not Increased Sales Very Materially nor Forced the Steel Corporation to Reduce Wages.

Special to The Weekly Courier.

NEW YORK, March 2—The American Metal Market and Daily Iron & Steel Report will review the steel and iron trade tomorrow as follows:

The decline of steel prices, as quoted by the independents is not continuing. Some prices openly quoted last week have been withdrawn, though it is not known that prices as low would not be quoted against specific inquiries for attractive tonnages now. The volume of business actually obtained by price cutting proves very small, yet it is by no means certain that any more business was expected. In some quarters it is thought the price cutting was inaugurated chiefly in the hope of bringing about a redistribution of the business already on books, and to move the United States Steel Corporation to reduce wages. If so, neither object has been accomplished. The steel corporation's customers are taking much less steel from it than formerly, but they are not placing new orders elsewhere.

The common opinion is that the placing of steel orders is now awaiting, not a readjustment in prices but a readjustment in the cost of consuming steel or putting it into employment, involving both lower wage rates in the industries that use steel and declines in market prices of commodities that are used in conjunction with steel. No steel buyer has much doubt but that by the time he is ready to buy on anything like a liberal scale the steel mills will name fair prices.

Two or three months ago predictions were being made that the iron and steel industry would not see much activity before the second half of the year. Today the prediction is in the form that there will not be a great deal of activity at any time this year, the prediction being simply negative in character.

A mild revival in demand is, however, expected to occur this month or next, being a reaction from the phenomenal dullness that has prevailed in the past few weeks and a reflection of the advent of spring.

RAILROAD POLICE BUSY

Continue Their Activity Against Vagrants; 100 Jailed.

The Baltimore & Ohio police continued their activities during the month of February and the records show that 147 arrests were made on various charges, mostly for trespassing and vagrancy.

Of the 147 persons given hearings, 100 were sent to jail with sentences ranging from 10 to 30 days

Review of the Connellsville Coke Trade.

Statistical Summary.

PRODUCTION.	WEEK ENDING FEBRUARY 26, 1921.				WEEK ENDING FEBRUARY 19, 1921.			
DISTRICT.	Ovens.	In.	Out.	Tons.	Ovens.	In.	Out.	Tons.
Connellsville	18,697	8,810	9,887	95,590	18,697	10,320	8,377	108,530
Lower Connellsville	16,841	2,434	14,407	25,230	16,841	2,948	13,893	26,799
Totals	35,538	11,244	24,294	120,820	35,538	13,268	22,270	135,329
FURNACE OVENS.								
Connellsville	15,170	7,450	8,020	82,480	15,170	8,060	6,510	96,550
Lower Connellsville	6,986	1,066	5,920	14,560	6,986	1,555	5,431	17,360
Totals	22,456	8,516	13,940	97,040	22,456	10,515	11,941	113,910
MERCHANT OVENS.								
Connellsville	3,227	1,360	1,867	13,110	3,227	1,360	1,867	11,980
Lower Connellsville	9,855	1,368	8,487	10,670	9,855	1,393	8,462	9,430
Totals	13,082	2,728	10,354	23,780	13,082	2,753	10,329	21,410

A NEW DYEING AND CLEANING PLANT TO BE LOCATED HERE

Will Be Part of a Consolidation of Establishments in Nearby Towns.

E. H. Keener of Greensburg President and General Manager, Grant Dull Treasurer; Latter's Building to Be Used as Plant for Bulk Contracts.

Through a consolidation of cleaning and dyeing establishments in Greensburg, Brownsville and Morgantown, and the establishment of a new plant in Connellsville, this city will form a very important link in the chain of enterprises to be conducted by a newly organized corporation in which Connellsville people will be stockholders and directors.

The form of notice required by law is being given today that Grant Dull and H. B. Hollenberger of Connellsville and E. H. Keener of Greensburg will apply for a charter on March 21 for an intended corporation to be called the Keener Dyeing & Cleaning company with an authorized capital stock of $300,000. The object, as stated in the application, "is the dyeing, cleaning and repairing of wearing apparel, carpets, curtains and other like articles."

The new corporation, which takes its name from the proprietor of the largest establishment that will be included in the consolidation, will take over the plants in Greensburg, Brownsville and Morgantown and possibly another in the Monongahela valley for which negotiations have been entered into. Mr. Keener's plant at Greensburg is one of the largest in Western Pennsylvania. It has been enlarged a number of times since it began business and has built up an extensive trade served by trucks. Mr. Keener will be president and general manager of the consolidated company and have full charge of the operation of the constituent plants. These will devote particular attention to the trade of their respective localities.

To take care of bulk dyeing contracts, including piece goods, such as cottons, silks, wool and other fabrics in car load lots, the recently erected brick building of Grant Dull near the Pennsylvania depot will be remodeled and equipped with the necessary machinery. This can easily be done and at a comparatively small expense. Meantime Mr. Dull will dispose of his stock of feed, it being his intention to permanently retire from that line of business. Mr. Dull will serve as treasurer of the new corporation. The selection of a permanent board of directors will be made later.

The consolidation will eliminate the long hauls now required to serve the several agencies of the companies forming the combination, reduce overhead expenses and provide advantages in the purchase of materials and supplies the separate establishments could not secure. A large volume of business is already available for the new enterprise and through the Connellsville plant a line of trade can be handled for which the local plants in the combination are not equipped.

Work will be commenced at once to place the several plants in shape for management from the central office which will be located in Connellsville. A temporary office has been opened in the Second National bank. It is expected that within 60 days, or 90 days at most, the company will have the Connellsville plant in full operation. Meantime activity will continue at those plants already in operation.

APPROXIMATELY $912,000

Consideration in Sale of Stauffer-Quemahoning Coal Co. of Somerset.

SOMERSET, Feb. 23—The entry for record of the deed of the Stauffer-Quemahoning Coal company to the Barnes-Quemahoning Coal company, for the holdings of the former at Listie, this county, shows that the consideration in the transaction was approximately $912,000.

At the time of the sale some months ago the principal stockholders in the Stauffer-Quemahoning company were the Joseph R. Stauffer estate of Scottdale, J. L. Kendall of Pittsburg, James S. Braddock of Mount Pleasant and E. T. Norton, Connellsville.

Union Labor Dues Ruled Not Taxable

Dues paid to a labor union can be deducted from the gross income in computing income taxes, according to a ruling made by M. E. Stickley, head of the division of internal revenue commissioner's office, Washington. The ruling says in part.

"In reply you are advised that in March, 1920, this office ruled that dues paid by an individual to an organized labor union are deductible as a business expense in computing the net income of such individual for income tax purposes."

The action, confirming a decision of a year ago, will be news to many labor men who had not heard of this exemption. Due, in some of the unions run from $40 to $60 a year.

JONES & LAUGHLIN MAKES 20 PER CENT WAGE REDUCTION

Labor Cut From 46 to 37 Cents an Hour. Effective March 1.

TONNAGE IN PROPORTION

Pittsburg Concern Last of Large Independents to Announce Readjustment; 25,000 Men Employed in Normal Times; No Change in Condition.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 24—A reduction approximating 20 per cent in the pay of all laborers of the Jones & Laughlin Steel company, becoming effective March 1, it was announced here Thursday. Readjustment of the wages of tonnage men in conformity with the new labor scale also will be made at the same time.

The Jones & Laughlin company, one of the largest independent steel companies, employes in normal times about 25,000 men. The rate of pay will be 37 cents an hour, the old rate being 46 cents an hour. About 49 per cent of the men employed in the steel mill are classed as laborers.

There will be no change in hours or working conditions. The new rate will be approximately the same as has been established by other independents. The Jones & Laughlin company is the last of the big independents to make a reduction.

Glassport Scales of P. & L. E. Closed Because Depression

DAWSON, March 1—The Glassport scales on the Monongahela division of the Pittsburg & Lake Erie railroad have been closed indefinitely owing to the depression of business. This is the second scales to be closed by the company, Port Vue having suspended February 14.

WORK ON NEW GAS MASK

Device Will be Proof Against Practically All Fumes.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—A gas mask that will protect its wearer against practically any gas, smoke or fumes is being developed by the Bureau of Mines, it was announced today.

Several deaths have been reported to the bureau recently as a result of using war gas masks to fight fires in smoke filled rooms, holds of ships and cellars and under other conditions where the gas density was much greater than they were intended to withstand.

INSPECTOR STRUBLE

Made Member of Mine Inspectors' Examining Board.

John L. Struble, mine inspector of the H. C. Frick Coke company, has been made a member of the board to examine candidates for inspectors of the bituminous mines of the state.

The other members are George W. Hutchinson, chief engineer of the Keystone Coal & Coke company, Greensburg; James Craig, Yatesboro; Malcolm Mac Dougall, Sonman, and Charles B. Maxwell, Morrisdale.

EXPORTS OF COAL FROM U. S. 1920 MADE LARGE GAIN

Value Was $432,000,000 as Compared With $169,000,000 in 1919.

BITUMINOUS WAS DOUBLED

Tonnage in 1920 Having Been 34,390,254, as Against 17,969,511 in 1919; Average Price Increased from $4.66 to $8.85; France the Largest Buyer.

Coal exports from the United States in 1920 were $432,000,000 in value against $169,000,000 in 1919 and $92,000,000 in the year before the war—the calendar year 1913. These figures, says a statement by the National City Bank of New York, include the anthracite and bituminous coal exported to all parts of the world plus the bunker coal supplied at our own ports to vessels engaged in the foreign trade. The value of bituminous coal sent to foreign countries in 1920 was $304,000,000 against $81,000,000 in the calendar year 1919, and $45,000,000 in the year preceding the war. Anthracite exports were valued in 1920 at $46,000,000 against $37,000,000 last year, and $22,000,000 in the year before the war; the bunker coal supplied to vessels engaged in foreign trade in 1920 was valued at $82,000,000 against $18,000,000 in 1919 and $25,000,000 in 1913.

These figures are those of values merely and show a much greater growth proportionately than do those of quantity, in which, however, the gain is very large. The quantity of bituminous coal exported in 1920 was, in round terms, 34,000,000 tons against 18,000,000 in 1919, and 18,000,000 in 1919 and 18,000,000 in 1913. Anthracite coal shows very little change, while the quantity supplied to vessels engaged in foreign trade shows a slight gain, the quantity in 1920 being 9,362,000 tons against 7,542,000 in 1919, and 7,700,000 in 1913. The big increase in quantity occurred in bituminous coal sent to foreign countries which was, stated in exact terms, 34,390,251 tons in 1920 against 17,969,511 in 1919, and 17,986,757 in 1913.

The increase in export prices, especially of bituminous coal, has been a very important factor in the large increase in total value, for the average export price of the bituminous coal sent to foreign countries was in 1920, $8.85 per ton against $4.66 per ton in 1919, and $2.53 in 1913. The average price of the coal supplied to foreign vessels for bunker purposes in 1920 was $8.81 per ton against $6.57 in 1919. Anthracite exports of 1920 averaged $9.44 per ton against $8.25 per ton in 1919, and $5.24 per ton in 1913. Even these figures of increase in our own export prices of coal are far less than those of Great Britain, whose coal exports in the calendar year 1920 averaged $19.45 per ton against $3.36 per ton in 1913.

These big increases in quantity exported in 1920 as compared with 1919 occurred especially in the shipment to Europe and South America. To France the exports of 1920 were 3,646,000 tons, valued at $42,415,000 against less than $1,000,000 worth in 1918, and $3,000,000 in 1919. To Italy the total for 1920 was 2,387,000 tons, valued at $21,000,000 against 1,633,000 tons, valued at $9,989,000 in 1919, while there were equally large gains in the shipment to Netherlands, Sweden and Switzerland. To Cuba, which is a large purchaser of American coal, the quantity shows an increase of about 33 per cent, while the value more than doubled; to Argentina the quantity exported was 1,738,000 tons, valued at $20,157,000 against 483,000 tons, valued at $2,931,000 last year; and to Brazil in 1920, 965,000 tons, valued at $10,982,000, against 641,000 tons valued at $3,801,000 in 1919. To Canada always a large purchaser of our coal, the quantity exported in 1920 was 11,483,000 tons, valued at $86,904,000 against 10,670,000 tons, valued at $40,004,000 in 1919.

Disabilities in the Industries.

In the United States there are annually 14,000 workmen injured in industrial accidents in such a manner as to render them unfit for further service in the locations in which they were engaged at the time of the injury.

Production and Output.

FURNACE OVEN PLANTS MAKE FURTHER CUT IN ACTIVE LIST

Now Have Only 8,516, or 37.8 Per Cent, in Actual Production.

FRICK RUNNING BUT 41.2%

Only Three Out of Nine Independent Furnace Plants in Blast, and They But Partially So; Furnace Production Continues Weekly Decreases.

COKE TRADE SUMMARY.

Furnace oven activity and production are following the course taken by the merchants. The number of inactive ovens is being increased with a consequent decrease in production. This is being accomplished through blowing out and banking and with somewhat greater severity in application of the curtailment methods. 3,741 ovens having been rendered non-productive at the furnace plants during the past three weeks. This is a reduction of 30.5 per cent in furnace ovens which is a much greater rate than at merchant plants during an equal period, but the latter were engaged in the restriction game for a much longer time before they reached the point where there was no danger of production dangerously exceeding the demand.

The combined efforts of merchant and furnace producers to limit output has resulted in reducing the number of ovens in blast to 11,244, or but 31.6 per cent of those available for operation. The furnace ovens still lead in the number of active ovens, having 8,516, or 37.8 per cent as compared with 2,728 or 20.8 per cent, of the merchants.

There are certain signs of a temporary revival in iron and steel, but it is without influence on coke prices for which remain unchanged as follows: Spot furnace, $4.50@$5.00, spot foundry, $5.75@$6.50, contract furnace, $5.00@$5.75, foundry, $6.50.

The example set by the merchant coke operators in cutting the production cloth to fit the demand garment is being followed by the furnace operators with a certain fidelity and with somewhat greater severity in application of methods. During the past three weeks the active furnace ovens have been decreased, by blowing out and banking, from 12,257 to 8,516, a cutting down of 3,741 ovens, or 30.5 per cent. This curtailment has been at a greater rate than during any three weeks the merchants were engaged in the pruning operation, but merchants have been longer occupied by the problem of readjustment than the furnace operators.

Including the ovens banked, and hence not in production, the additions to the inactive furnace list last week aggregated one oven short of 2,000, the total at both furnace and merchant plants having been 2,024. These changes bring the nominally productive list of both furnace and merchant ovens down to 11,244, or but 31.6 per cent of the whole number available. The furnace operations still lead the merchant in point of number of plants and ovens in the running, the total of the ovens being 8,516, or 37.8 per cent as compared with 2,728, or 20.8 per cent, of the merchant ovens active.

The restrictive measures, which include blowing out and banking of ovens, have reduced the number of going independent furnace plants to three with 459 ovens in blast, out of a total of nine plants having 2,996 ovens. Those in production are but 15 per cent of the whole. Of the 30 Frick plants with 19,270 ovens in the two districts, 31 are in operation with 7,956, or but 41.2 per cent, of the ovens active. The greater activity prevails at the plants of this company in the Connellsville district, 48 per cent of the ovens being in blast as compared with 17.1 per cent in the Lower Connellsville district. In the latter activity continues in the production of raw coal for shipment to the Clairton by-product plant, hence there are no wholly idle Frick mining plants as is the condition in the Connellsville district.

Whether or no the extreme conditions have been reached by either producing interest is still a matter of conjecture, being dependent wholly upon the blast furnace situation which, even when viewed most optimistically, cannot be said to have within it the probability of anything better than a temporary revival, and there is no assurance that such a change is as near at hand as the earnest hope of the trade would lead an impartial observer to believe.

The estimated production of coke during the week ended Saturday, February 26, was 120,820 tons credited to the two districts as follows: Connellsville, 95,590, a decrease of 12,840 tons; Lower Connellsville, 25,230 a decrease of 1,569 tons, or a total decrease of 14,509 tons, as compared with a total decrease of 16,829 tons during the preceding week.

The production by interests was: Furnace, 97,040, a loss of 16,870 tons; merchant, 23,780, a gain of 2,370 tons, as compared with a loss of 13,150 and a gain of 2,330 tons respectively during the week ended February 19.

The inactive list of ovens was increased by 2,024 to a total of 24,294, including eight plants, totaling 1,195 ovens, of the H. C. Frick Coke company which have been banked. The Frick ovens blown out during the week were: Colliers, 92; Hostetter, 2; Leisenring No. 1, 40; Lemont, 22; Mammoth, 24; Marguerite, 62; Redstone, 35; Whitney, 50, and Youngstown, 45. The plants banked are: Adelaide, 35; Bitner, 200; Hecla No. 1, 272; Juniata, 200; Kyle, 247; Mutual, 115; Southwest No. 3, 66, and Dearth, 250.

Other changes included restoring 15 ovens at Crystal, and the blowing out of 10 at Puritan Nos. 1 and 2 and 60 at Republic. Alone of the Pittsburg Steel company is operating but 200, or half its ovens, making shipments by barge.

ANOTHER SHARP DROP IN WEEKLY OUTPUT OF COAL WEEK OF FEB. 19

Tonnage 7,472,000, a Decrease of Five Per Cent from Preceding Week; Less Than Same Week of 1920.

A sharp decline again marked the production of soft coal during the week ended February 19, and for the first time since the market broke, last December, the output fell below even the level of 1919, says the report of the United States Geological Survey. The total production, including lignite, coal coked, mine fuel, and local sales, is estimated from reports of railroad shipments, at 7,472,000 net tons. When compared with the preceding week this was a decrease of 395,000 tons, or five per cent. In the corresponding week of 1919 the output was 7,722,000 tons. In fact, the present rate of production is below the lowest point reached in 1920 during the railway switchmen's strike.

With car and labor supply at present ample, the factor limiting production is absence of demand.

Production of bituminous coal during the first 273 days of the past four coal years which begin April 1, has been as follows:

1917-18	455,199,000
1918-19	507,274,000
1919-20	472,476,000
1920-21	483,163,000

SPRING PROGRAM

Of Western Pennsylvania Division of the National Safety Council.

The spring program of the Western Pennsylvania divison of the National Safety Council, which held its first meeting in Uniontown last week includes the following topics in the course of instruction for superintendents, foremen and other mine officials:

March 9, "Labor Turnover and Its Relation to Accident Prevention"; March 23, "First Aid, and How to Stimulate Interest"; April 6, "Mine Foreman's and Superintendent's Responsibility for Accident Prevention and Its Relation to Production"; April 20, "Electrical Hazards as Applied to Mining"; May 18, "Face Hazards and Their Prevention."

The closing meeting of the season will be held on June 1 at which a banquet will be given. C. G. Rice of Pittsburg is president of the division.

COKE PRODUCTION

In Connellsville and Lower Connellsville Districts Compared With 1920.

The estimated production of coke in net tons in the Connellsville and Lower Connellsville districts, by weeks, with the total compared with the corresponding week or 1920, is shown in the following:

Week	March.	Furn.	Total.	Total 1920
Jan. 1	5,135	111,513	137,488	118,865
Jan. 8	29,300	146,050	175,350	240,399
Jan. 15	28,520	141,660	170,180	211,490
Jan. 22	28,080	141,980	170,060	229,606
Jan. 29	29,220	139,400	168,620	211,827
Feb. 5	19,900	137,180	157,080	239,911
Feb. 12	19,030	127,080	146,110	243,864
Feb. 19	21,410	103,910	125,320	245,357
Feb. 26	23,750	97,040	120,820	258,040
1920 to Date			12,919,114	
1921 to Date			1,379,065	
Decrease from 1920			670,371	

Ticket Protection.

As a protection both to passengers and ticket agents, the Pennsylvania railroad has decided to print the price on the face of each railroad ticket.

Farm Manager for Frick Co.

James C. Stuckslager of Jefferson township has been made manager of the farms of the H. C. Frick Coke company in Washington county.

STRIPPING OPERATIONS

To Be Employed by American Coke Corporation at Lynn Plant.

The American Coke corporation is preparing to begin stripping operations for the removal of 12 to 15 feet of cover from about eight acres of coal at the American No. 1 plant at Lynn station.

The coal is in bottom land along Redstone creek. Some narrow rooms were driven into the coal several years ago and caved in on account of the tender roof. The coal will now be recovered after stripping the surface.

MINE WORKERS CHARGE SCHEME TO BREAK UNION

Statement on Indictments Involves Government in Alleged Conspiracy.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26—The executive council of the American Federation of Labor met here today to consider the action of the government in prosecuting officials of the United Mine Workers for alleged violation of the Sherman anti-trust act.

Before the meeting began William Green, acting secretary of the miners and one of those indicted yesterday at Indianapolis, issued a formal statement declaring that if the union officials were guilty of conspiracy "the government itself is a party thereto" because the miners have been subject to government regulation and control for the last three years.

Matthew Woll, vice-president of the American Federation of Labor, declared the indictment of the officials "a part of the nation-wide propaganda to destroy the trades union movement" as the action "struck at the very foundation of the principle of collective bargaining." Mr. Green said all agreements made with coal operators by the union officials were made "under the direction and with the approval of the Fuel Administration."

"Production was speeded during the war under the impetus of the government," he said. "Increases in wages were made under the direction of the administration and the selling price of coal was fixed by it. In a way it regulated wages, and when an increase was granted it stipulated what increase in selling price should take place in order to absorb an increase in wages.

"These indictments seem to be the reward the miners are receiving for putting forth special efforts during the war in order to increase production."

BY-PRODUCT COKE OUTPUT MADE BIG GAIN DURING 1920

Total Was 30,908,000 Tons, Exceeding 1919 by 5,764,000 and 1918 by 4,910,000 Tons.

According to preliminary returns made to the United States Geological Survey by operators of by-product coke plants, the total production of by-product coke during the calendar year 1920 was 30,908,000 net tons. This was an increase of 5,764,000 tons over 1919, and exceeded by 4,910,000 tons the production of 1918, hitherto the record year.

More than 850 new ovens were put in operation, and 530 more were reported under construction at the close of the year.

As the output of beehive coke is estimated at 20,372,000 tons, the total production of all coke, excluding washhouse coke, was 51,388,000 tons, of which 40.4 per cent was made in beehive ovens and 59.6 per cent in by-product ovens.

The following table gives the production in net tons including screenings and breeze, by states, during the last two years. The output in 1920 exceeded that of 1919 in all but two states, Washington and New Jersey. In comparison with the war year, 1918, increases were reported in eight out of the 15 states for which statistics may be published without divulging individual returns. The most notable increase in comparison with 1918, both relatively and absolutely, was reported from Pennsylvania. In that state 7,710,000 tons were produced in 1920, an increase of 3,123,000 tons, or 68 per cent over 1918.

	1919	1920
Alabama	2,720,833	3,075,000
Colorado	412,862	511,000
Illinois	1,763,903	2,086,000
Indiana	3,702,130	4,567,000
Kentucky	408,278	466,000
Maryland	356,237	685,000
Massachusetts	393,331	531,000
Michigan	(a)	1,433,000
Minnesota	586,094	664,000
New Jersey	738,465	722,000
New York	751,067	1,041,000
Ohio	5,374,027	5,697,000
Pennsylvania	5,872,762	7,710,000
Tennessee	101,749	138,000
Washington	26,547	23,000
West Virginia	392,812	414,000
Michigan, Missouri, Rhode Island and Wisconsin	2,039,294	1,145,000
Total	25,143,542	30,908,000

NO PRICE CUT NOW

Judge Gary Denies Report Relating to Steel Corporation.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—Judge Elbert H. Gary, chairman of the board of directors of the United States Steel Corporation, denied Friday that his corporation had called a meeting of salesmen or other representatives to discuss the advisability of slashing steel prices in order to "bolster up business."

It was stated that the United States Steel Coporation, which had not raised prices as high as independents during the war, had less difficulty in retaining its business than independents.

JURY AWARDS $5,500

Greene Countians Sought $15,000 From Washington Coal & Coke.

After deliberating all night a jury Saturday returned a verdict of $5,500 for the defense in the case of Mrs. Etta Collins and her husband, G. W. Collins, of Dunkard, Greene county, against the Washington Coal & Coke company for damages sustained when the defendant's automobile collided with a car of the plaintiff near Mount Pleasant, July 3, last, and causing serious injury to Mrs. Collins and damage to the machine. Mrs. Collins was awarded $4,500 and her husband $1,000.

The plaintiff asked $15,000 damages.

HOPE ABANDONED

Fire Prevents Rescuing Seven Men Caught in Illinois Mine.

DUQUIOUN, Ill., Feb. 24.—Five rescue squads, after working 15 hours this morning abandoned hope of saving seven men trapped in the burning Kathleen mine at McDowell, five miles south of here and sealed it in an effort to extinguish the flames. The men were cut off from escape by several hundred feet of flame.

Women relatives of the men gathered at the mine today and many became hysterical when they saw it sealed. It will remain under seal for several weeks. About 350 men escaped when the fire broke out. The cause has not been definitely determined.

W. F. HOLSING, COKE REGION PIONEER, IS CALLED BY DEATH

Was Identified with Opening of Mahoning and Other Fayette Plants.

HIGH IN MASONIC ORDER

William Frederick Holsing, 83 years old, long identified with the coal and coke industry of Fayette, Westmoreland and Washington counties, but for the last decade retired, died Saturday morning at the home of his son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Foltz, at Dunbar, where he had been for the past three months and where he was taken ill soon after his arrival from his home at Canonsburg.

Born in Baltimore July 5, 1837, Mr. Holsing in the seventies came to the Connellsville region in which he had been active until age compelled his retirement. His specialty was opening coal mines. His first activity in that line was at Mahoning, near Dunbar. Other operations which he had a part in developing, acting in the capacity of superintendent, were at Youngstown, Leith, New Alexandria, Westmoreland county, and at various places in the vicinity of Canonsburg, Washington county, where he had lived for the last 19 years.

For nine years Mr. Holsing lived at Dunbar. He went from that place to Uniontown and then returned to Dunbar for a number of years. His last work was with the Pittsburg-Buffalo Coal company near Canonsburg. He was at one time connected with coal operations of the Dunbar Furnace company, now the American Manganese Manufacturing company.

Mr. Holsing was a 32nd degree Mason. He held membership in the lodge in Uniontown and the consistory at Bloomsburg. He was one of the founders of the Baptist church at Canonsburg and has served for many years as a deacon. To the last he took a deep interest in church work.

For over a quarter of a century Mr. Holsing had been a widower. His wife, who was Janet Lamb, is buried in Uniontown, where the remains of Mr. Holsing were laid to rest.

There survive four sons and three daughters: William J. Holsing, Canonsburg; Thomas L. Holsing, Johnetta, Armstrong county; Joseph P. Holsing, Wallins Creek, Ky.; Albert Z. Holsing, Castle Shannon; Mrs. D. C. Foltz, Dunbar; Mrs. A. J. Kirkpatrick, Canonsburg, and Mrs. F. S. Cram, Roanoke, Va. He leaves 18 grandchildren and two great-grandchildren.

A DECREASE OF TEN MILLIONS IN INCOME OF P. R. R. IN 1920

Big Increase in Revenue Overbalanced by the Larger Increase in Operating Expenses.

The 74th annual report of the Pennsylvania Railroad company shows that the net income for 1920 was $62,801,673, a decrease compared with 1919 of $10,066,425. Of the 1920 net income, $20,950,404 was applied to the six per cent dividends of the company, $2,230,790 to sinking and other reserve funds and $911,479 to profit and loss.

Railway operating revenues for the year were $566,860,758; increase compared with 1919 of $77,589,813; railway operating expenses, $596,049,937, increase, $134,692,476. After adding $19,014,599 for tax accounts and various other amounts, the net railway operating deficit amounted to $48,447,371, an increase of $59,461,585 compared with 1919.

The report shows that on December 31 1920, there were 100,068 stockholders in the company who held an average of 75 shares. Nearly 48 per cent were women.

The expenditures for valuation of the system in 1920 amounted to $600,000, and the aggregate total borne by the railroads in the system to the end of that year was $8,300,000.

The net income of the Pennsylvania company for 1920 was $7,099,020, a decrease of $173,061, compared with 1919, and the net income of the Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad company, operated by the Pennsylvania, was $4,183,625, a decrease of $159,780.

FOR DAYLIGHT SAVING

Members of Trades Council Place Themselves on Record.

Enactment of daylight saving legislation was urged by the members of the Connellsville Trades & Labor council at a meeting Thursday, the organization going on record as favoring the plan.

The secretary was instructed to communicate the action taken to the members of the Legislature from this district.

Subscribe for The Weekly Courier. $2.00 per year in advance

LIST OF COKE OVENS IN THE CONNELLSVILLE DISTRICT

With Their Owners, Address and Ovens in Blast Corrected to Saturday, February 26, 1921.

Ovens	In Works	Name	Name of Operators	Address
		MERCHANT OVENS		
152	...	Beatty	Mt. Pleasant Coke Co.	Greensburg
30	...	Brush Run	Brush Run Coke Company	Mt. Pleasant
100	100	Clare	Clare Coke Co.	Greensburg
50	50	Allen No. 2	Whyel Coke Co.	Uniontown
100	100	Ebi Grove	W. J. Rainey, Inc.	New York
10	...	Franklin	Summit-Cville Coke Co.	Connellsville
101	...	Gilmore	Gilmore Coke Co.	Uniontown
80	...	Grace	Colorado-Schenck Coke Co.	Connellsville
9	...	Helen	Samuel I. Lohr	Youngwood
115	115	Humphreys	Humphreys Coal & Coke Co	Greensburg
16	...	Morgan	Corrado-Schenck Coke Co.	Connellsville
275	275	Mt. Braddock	W. J. Rainey	New York
310	...	Mt. Pleasant	Mt. Pleasant Coke Co.	Greensburg
52	...	Myers	Brownfield Coal & Coke Co	Uniontown
15	...	Nellie	Nellie Coke Co.	Connellsville
228	50	Oliver No. 1	Oliver & Snyder Steel Co.	Pittsburg
486	59	Oliver No. 2	Oliver & Snyder Steel Co.	Pittsburg
303	50	Oliver No. 3	Oliver & Snyder Steel Co.	Pittsburg
90	90	Paul	W. J. Rainey, Inc.	New York
400	400	Revere	W. J. Rainey, Inc.	New York
49	...	Thomas	Whyel Coke Co.	Uniontown
57	...	West Penn	West Penn Coke Co.	Pittsburg
3,227	1,360			
		FURNACE OVENS		
200	...	Adelaide	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
505	...	Alverton	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
302	122	Bagaley	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
399	...	Bitner	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
217	...	Brinkerton	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
200	...	Buckeye	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
269	146	Calumet	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
201	...	Central	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
400	350	Collier	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
400	350	Continental 1	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
220	200	Continental 2	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
300	...	Continental 3	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
120	120	Grassland	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
235	200	Davidson	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
200	...	Dorothy	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
110	110	Dunbar	Amer. Manganese Mfg. Co.	Dunbar
125	...	Hecla No. 1	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
350	180	Hecla No. 2	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
200	200	Hecla No. 3	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
235	230	Hostetter	Hostetter-Cville Coke Co.	Pittsburg
210	...	Juniata	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
306	...	Kyle	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
150	150	Leisenring 1	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
502	316	Leisenring 2	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
302	300	Leisenring 3	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
201	200	Leith	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
124	...	Lemont No. 1	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
350	328	Lemont No. 2	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
300	288	Mainforth	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
200	276	Marguerite	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
195	...	Mutual	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
256	198	Oliphant	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
100	350	Phillips	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
413	220	Redstone	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
428	...	Shoaf	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
125	225	Southwest 1	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
150	...	Southwest 2	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
201	...	Southwest 3	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
201	585	Standard	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
50	...	Stewart	Stewart Iron Co.	Uniontown
461	300	Trotter	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
250	200	United	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
372	200	Whitney	Hostetter-Cville Coke Co.	Pittsburg
200	230	Wynn	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
300	350	Yorkrun	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
215	200	Youngstown	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
15,170	7,150			

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Gas, Steam, By-Product Coal

Union Arcade

Pittsburgh, Pa.

TAX ON BONDS

And Tax Interest Must Be Paid by Pennsylvania Corporations.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 26—Judge Frank B. Wickersham of the Dauphin county court has decided that a corporation must pay the state tax charged against the entire bond issue of the company. The decision was given in the appeal of the Crucible Steel company from the decision of the auditor general, and the result is that, regardless of whether a trust company, an estate or a charity holds the bonds the state tax on the entire issue must be paid.

The decision will govern a number of other cases.

Another decision was that the state tax had to be paid on interest, no matter whether it was paid years after it was due. This decision was given in a Western Pennsylvania mining company, whose bonds had been held in England. It did not pay one year, and the bonds were sold in Pennsylvania. Next year interest on both years was earned. The state claimed the tax on both years' interest.

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Coke low in Sulphur and Phosphorus and of strong physical structure.
Our Coke at HERBERT WORKS is made in LONGITUDINAL OVENS and is entirely mechanically handled, thus eliminating by screening all dust and dirt.

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HAVE YOUR JOB PRINTING DONE AT THE COURIER OFFICE.

U. S. MINE RESCUE CAR TO BE IN CITY WEEK MARCH 12-18

Demonstrations and Classes in First Aid and Mine Rescue Daily.

PUBLIC ATTENTION INVITED

Mine Rescue Car No. 3, now in Uniontown, will be located in Connellsville for a period of a week, from March 12 to 18, Mine Inspector John E. Struble of the H. C. Frick staff announced this afternoon. It probably will be placed on a siding in the rear of the Baltimore & Ohio depot.

The car is in charge of Foreman J. V. Barry of Pittsburg, a warm personal friend of Mr. Struble. "Jack," as he is known, has been in the coke region before and has a number of friends in and about Connellsville.

The interest of the public in general is invited to the car which will be open daily from 9 o'clock in the morning until that hour at night and during which time classes in first aid and mine rescue work will be conducted and demonstrations given. Mine Inspector S. S. Hall of the Ninth Bituminous district will have a part in the presentation of the work that is planned during the visit of Mr. Barry and his assistants. Inspector Struble invites the attention of the Boy Scouts and Camp Fire Girls and other organizations to the coming of the car.

The car has attracted much attention in Uniontown where it will be located for the remainder of this week. Demonstrations and instruction are given daily.

Mr. Struble announced that while the car is here there probably will be a demonstration by the Frick rescue team of Leisenring No. 1, the champion team of the world. Where this will be held not definitely been determined. It may be at Leisenring.

FUEL BRIQUETTING MADE A NEW RECORD DURING PAST YEAR

Output 567,192, Nearly Double That of 1919; Value $4,250,000, or an Average of $7.50 Per Ton.

A new record in the production of fuel briquets was established in 1920, according to reports made to the United States Geological Survey by the operators of briquetting plants. The total output was 567,192 tons, nearly double that of 1919. The value at the works was about $4,250,000, an average of $7.50 per ton.

The growth of the industry during the past seven years is shown in the following tabulation:

Year	Quantity	Value
1914	259 635	$1,154,673
1915	221 537	1 035,716
1916	295,155	1,445,662
1917	466,856	2,233,885
1918	477,235	3,212,793
1919	255,734	2,301,054
1920	567,192	4,250 000

In comparison with 1919, production increased in 11 districts, but the increase over 1918 came chiefly from plants along the Atlantic Seaboard operating on anthracite fines In that region three new plants were put in operation, one at Newark, New Jersey; one at Lykens, Pennsylvania, and one at New York, all using anthracite as a raw fuel.

Materials employed in briquetting during 1920 were as follows, in net tons:

Anthracite and fine sizes	330,136
Semi-anthracite, and semi-bituminous	159 247
Slack and oil-gas residue	83,656
Total	572 039

Of the 15 plants in operation in 1920, eight used anthracite as a raw material, one Arkansas semianthracite one a mixture of anthracite and bituminous slack, one semi-bituminous slack, one a mixture of bituminous slack and a sub-bituminous coal, one brown lignite, and two carbon residue from the manufacture of oil gas.

PENNSYLVANI MEN

Included in the Indictments Found by Indianapolis Grand Jury.

In the indictments of 233 coal operators and labor leaders by the grand jury at Indianapolis, for alleged conspiracy to violate the Sherman Anti-Trust Act, the following Pennsylvania operators are included:

Joseph A. Armstrong, John A. Donaldson, William K. Field of the Pittsburg Coal company; William M. Henderson, Henderson Coal company, Frederick B. Lincoln Coal & Coke company; William A. Luce, Lackawanna Coke company, Ellsworth Collieries Company; James C. Patterson, Jesse H. Sanford, Carnegie Coal company; Chartiers Creek Coal company.

Radium Now a Real Benefit.

A chemist in Pittsburg has discovered a process of treating disease internally with radium, so that when the light rays come in contact with the germs they are destroyed, nature asserts itself and the patient is cured—High and Low Blood Pressure, Tuberculosis, Brights Disease, Rheumatism, Diabetes, Asthma, Etc., are all successfully treated. The remedy is perfectly harmless

The company owning the formulas and manufacturing the remedies are arranging to establish stores in every town and through the E. H. Steinman company, 119 Federal street, North Side, Pittsburg, Pa., are offering a limited amount of their stock for that purpose. This should be a wonderful boon to humanity and make a good paying investment. Those who have money to invest should write and get full particulars.—Adv.—3-2-1t

Mine Employes in Great Britain.

During last year an average of 1,204,300 men were employed in British mines.

Former Dunbar Man Killed in Johnstown Mine

William Hardin, 39 years old, a miner for the Cambria Iron & Steel ompany at Johnstown, was killed late Wednesday afternoon in the Franklin Mine No. 4, when he was caught under a fall of rock. Mr. Hardin was an experienced miner, having worked for the Cambria company for five years. He was working with his brother-in-law, Richard Posfate, at the time of the accident.

Mr. Hardin was well known in this section, having resided at Dunbar until 1909 when the family moved to Johnstown. All the children of Mr. and Mrs. Hardin were born at Dunbar. In addition to his widow deceased is survived by five children, his mother, Mrs. Nancy Hardin of Lemont, and the following brothers and sisters: Thomas Hardin, Lemont; Mrs. Samuel Blacka, Dunbar; George Hardin, Meyersdale; Mrs. Blanche Mason, Uniontown, and Mrs. John O. Miller, Somerset county.

WEST PENN MAKES REDUCTION OF 30 PER CENT IN RATES

Decrease Will Affect Minimum Monthly Bills of Large Power Consumers.

LIGHTING RATES THE SAME

No Increase Ever Made in Rates to Domestic and Commercial Consumers; New Rates, Effective March 1, Will Relieve Plants Now Closed.

HARRISBURG, March 3—The West Penn Power company, operating in Western Pennsylvania, has filed notice with the Public Service commission of changes and decreases on its schedule of rates.

It was said at the local office that the decrease will apply only to large power consumers. It will not affect domestic and commercial consumers, nor will it reduce any of the lighting bills.

The reduction, it was pointed out, will reduce the minimum monthly bills of large power consumers about 30 per cent. In the case of many large consumers, who are forced to close their plants, the payment of the minimum bill is a burden and the cut will favor these concerns.

The lighting rates have never been increased, it was made clear, but on the other hand have been reduced several times, while power rates have been boosted.

The lower rates became effective onM arch 1.

HOW WALL STREET VIEWS THE DELAY IN CUTTING STEEL PRICES

Believed Steel Will Be the Last of Basic Commodities to Reach Price Bottom.

The policy of the United States Steel Corporation is viewed in the Street from two angles, says the Wall Street correspondent of the Philadelphia Ledger. The first is that a reduction of from $5 to $10 per ton on orders totaling some 7,000,000 tons would mean a substantial reduction in the income and profits of the corporation It is believed that until these orders are materially reduced prices will be maintained. The uncertain element of this angle is the amount of unfilled tonnage that is not placed "firm" and, consequently, is subject to cancellation.

Judge Gary has said that a large percentage of the business is not subject to any change in terms, but it is known that a considerable volume of orders that could be transferred from the corporation to the independents has been switched.

The second view is that steel will be the last of the basic commodities prices to reach bottom. In the opinion of these observers, who include some of the leading bankers, liquidation of goods will continue for some months, possibly throughout the summer. The opinion is expressed that commodity groups will not all make their low prices simultaneously As steel may be the last of these groups to decline. Judge Gary is justified in his policy until such time as other commodities have more clearly indicated the end of the deflationary process.

The question is whether or not sufficient unfilled tonnage can be kept on the books to maintain some semblance of activity in the mills. It is felt that when the corporation finally announces its price revision it will be sufficiently drastic to create an acute demand and that this action will be the signal for a general resumption of activities throughout the country.

NEW COAL COMPANY

To Develop Tract of 1,500 Acres in Vicinity of Fort Hill, Somerset Co.

The Fort Hill Coal company has been organized by Johnstown parties to develop a tract of 1,500 acres of C and D seams of coal in the vicinity of Fort Hill, Somerset county.

Engineers are at work on preliminary surveys The tract will be developed for shipments over the Baltimore & Ohio railroad

May Reduce Wages.

NEW YORK, March 3—Reductions in wages of more than 30,000 unskilled laborers employed by the New York Central will be discussed at a conference between railroad executives and representatives of the men here next Tuesday, it was announced today.

LIST OF COKE OVENS IN THE LOWER CONNELLSVILLE DISTRICT

With Their Owners, Address and Ovens in Blast Corrected to Saturday, February 26, 1921.

Ovens	In	Works	Name of Operators.	Address
			MERCHANT OVENS	
40	...	Adah	Westm'd-Fayette Coke Co.	Greensburg
293	293	Allison No. 1	W. J. Rainey, Inc.	New York
200	200	Allison No. 2	W. J. Rainey, Inc.	New York
142	...	American 1	American Coke Corporation	Pittsburg
240	...	American 2	American Coke Corporation	Pittsburg
40	...	Anica	The Witney & Feather C. Co	Uniontown
42	...	Bellevernon	Bellevernon Coal & Coke Co.	Pittsburg
30	...	Browning	Browning Coke Co.	Uniontown
60	...	Brownsville	Brownsville Coke Co.	Pittsburg
205	..	Century	Century Coke Co.	Brownsville
40	40	Champion	Champion C'ville Coke Co.	Uniontown
267	..	Champion	Champion Gas Coal Co.	Pittsburg
120	45	Crystal	Hecla Coal & Coke Co.	Pittsburg
256	256	Denbo	Reliance Coal & Coke Co.	Pittsburg
402	...	Donald 1 & 2	Consolidated C'ville Coke Co	Uniontown
160	..	Donald No. 3	Consolidated C'ville Coke Co	Uniontown
100	...	Edna	Watersburg Coke Co	Uniontown
32	...	Finley	Jas Byrne & Co.	Uniontown
119	...	Garwood	Acme-C'ville Coke Co.	Connellsville
158	...	Genuine	Genuine C'ville Coke Co.	Uniontown
200	...	Grillon No. 1	Hecla Coal & Coke Co.	Pittsburg
190	...	Grillon No. 2	Hecla Coal & Coke Co.	Pittsburg
40	...	Herbert	C'ville Central Coke Co.	Pittsburg
45	...	Hillside	Westmoreland Gas & Coal Co.	Pittsburg
52	...	Hill Top	L. Connellsville Coke Co	Connellsville
194	120	Hoover	James H. Hoover	McClellandtown
18	..	Hope	Hope Coke Co.	Uniontown
195	...	Hustead	Hustead-Semans C. & C. Co.	Uniontown
200	...	Isabella	Hecla Coal & Coke Co.	Pittsburg
24	...	Junior	Junior Coal & Coke Co	Uniontown
140	...	Katherine	Union C'ville Coke Co.	Uniontown
200	...	Lafayette	Atlas Coke Co.	Helen
60	...	Leon	Franklin Coke Co.	Mt. Pleasant
34	...	Liberty	Old Connellsville Coke Co.	Smithfield
400	...	Lincoln	Lincoln Coal & Coke Co	Scottdale
40	...	Little Gem	The Brier Coal & Coke Co.	Pittsburg
200	..	Low Phos	C'ville Central Coke Co.	Pittsburg
34	...	Luzerne	Luzerne Coal & Coke Co.	Pittsburg
61	...	Marion	Southern C'ville Coke Co.	Uniontown
300	.	Mt Hope	Snowden Coke Co.	Uniontown
100	..	Old Home	W. J. Parshall	Uniontown
202	74	Puritan 1 & 2	Puritan Coke Co.	Uniontown
72	...	Puritan No. 3	Puritan Coke Co.	Uniontown
101	...	Poland	Poland Coal Co.	Pittsburg
100	...	Rich Hill	Rich Hill Coal & Coke Co.	Outcrop
275	..	Royal	W. J. Rainey	New York
45	...	Russell	Russell Coal & Coke Co.	Smithfield
30	...	Sackett	H. R. Sackett Coal & C. Co.	Smithfield
26	...	Sapper	Reilly-Callaghan C. & C. Co	Uniontown
275	180	Seanigel	Taylor Coal & Coke Co.	Uniontown
100	...	Shamrock	Fayette Coke Co.	Uniontown
510	...	Sterling	Consolidated C'ville Coke Co.	Uniontown
60	...	Sunshine 2	McClellandtown C. & C. Co.	McClellandtown
400	..	Thompson 2	Thompson C'ville Coke Co.	Pittsburg
320	...	Tower Hill 1	Eastern Coke Co.	Pittsburg
394	...	Tower Hill 2	Tower Hill C'ville Coke Co.	Uniontown
60	...	Virginia	Byrne Coal & Coke Co	Scottdale
500	150	Washington 1	Washington Coal & Coke Co	Dawson
500	..	Washington 2	Washington Coal & Coke Co	Dawson
36	.	Yukon	Wheel Coke Co	Uniontown
9,855	1,768		FURNACE OVENS	
400	200	Alicia	Pittsburg Steel Co	Alicia, Fay. Co
100	...	Bridgeport	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
470	...	Brier Hill	Brier Hill Coke Co	Brier Hill
426	...	Buffington	H. C. Frick Coke Co	Pittsburg
500	300	Colonial No 1	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
150	150	Colonial No 3	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
300	190	Colonial No 5	H. C. Frick Coke Co	Pittsburg
250	...	Hearth	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
600	...	Lounsbury	H. C. Frick Coke Co	Pittsburg
200	..	Fairbank	Struthers Coal & Coke Co.	Fairbank
400	..	Footedale	H. C. Frick Coke Co	Pittsburg
202	50	Geneva	McKeesfrey Coal Co	Laetonia, Ohio
200	...	Labelle	Labelle Coke Co.	Labelle
462	...	Lambert	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
518	...	Leckrone	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
244	...	Martin	Republic Iron & Steel Co.	Youngstown, O.
30	...	Newcomer	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
198	...	Orient	American Coke Corporation.	Uniontown
400	...	Republic	Republic Iron & Steel Co.	Uniontown
330	..	Ronco	H. C. Frick Coke Co	Pittsburg
400	200	Thompson 1	Redstone Coal & Coke Co	Pittsburg
6,856	1,069			

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COKE
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DAVIDSON ESTATE VALUED AT HALF MILLION DOLLARS

Widow of Late Coal and Coke Man Named Executrix and Beneficiary.

EXECUTED IN YEAR 1896

At Death of Mrs. Davidson Provision Is Made for Division Equally Between Son, William J. Davidson, and Daughter, Mrs. Edith Mitchell.

An estate estimated at $500,000 is disposed of in the will of the late Charles Davidson, filed in Uniontown

Mrs Fannie E. Davidson, the widow, is named as executrix and sole legatee during her lifetime.

At the death of Mrs. Davidson the estate is to be divided share and share alike between a son, William J. Davidson of Connellsville, and a daughter, Mrs. Edith M. Mitchell of Pittsburg, wife of Harry L. Mitchell, general manager of the West Penn Railways company.

The will was executed February 6, 1896

There were no bequests outside the family.

Letters testamentary have been granted to Mrs. Davidson.

LACK OF DEMAND FOR BEEHIVE COKE CAUSE OF OUTPUT DECLINE

Now Down to 219,000 Tons Weekly for All Districts; Total for Year to Date Only 1,724,000 Tons.

Because of lack of demand, says F G. Tryon in the weekly report of the United States Geological Survey, production of beehive coke continues to decline during the week ended February 19 The output is estimated at 219,000 net tons, a decrease of 9,000 tons when compared with the week preceding. The Courier reports production in the Connellsville region at 135,320 tons, against 146,120 in the preceding week.

Cumulative production now stands at 1,724,000 net tons, or but little over half that during the corresponding period of 1920.

	1921	1920
Pennsylvania and Ohio	181 000	328,000
West Virginia	10,000	25,000
Alabama Tennessee and Georgia	9,000	38 000
Virginia and Kentucky	11,000	24 000
Colorado, Oklahoma and New Mexico	4,000	7 000
Washington and Utah	4,000	5 000
U S Total	219,000	426 000

Greene County Coal Sold.

The Whiteley Coal company has bought 758 acres of land in Whiteley, Franklin and Cumberland townships, Greene county, for a total consideration of more than $180,000.

Connellsville Foundry, Machine and Steel Casting Company
CONNELLSVILLE, PENNA.
—Manufacturers of—
LAFAYETTE MINE PUMPS
Steam, Air and Electric Driven
Pump Repairs for All Kinds of Pumps
Woodlined Pipe & Fittings Larry Wheels & Axles
Wheels and Axles for Mine Locomotives
PROMPT ATTENTION GIVEN TO ALL MINE REPAIR WORK

Oliver & Snyder Steel Company
Producers of
Highest Quality
Standard Old Basin
Connellsville Coke
AND
By Product Coking Coal
Monthly Coke Capacity 70,000 Tons
GENERAL OFFICES:
South 10th and Muriel Streets, Pittsburg, Pa.

Fairbank and Company
COAL
IRON ORE
PIG IRON
STEEL
COAL
COKE
COKE
General Office
WADE BUILDING
CLEVELAND, OHIO.
Branch Offices
PITTSBURGH, PA.
UNIONTOWN, PA.

W. P. BENEFICIAL ASSOCIATION PAYS $5,649 IN 1920

Lessened Demand For Assistance Because of Illness and Death.

FINANCIAL STATUS GOOD

Annual Report Declares It to Be Better Than Since Organization; 266 Persons on Benefit List As Compared With 313 Previous Year.

The annual report of West Penn Beneficial association for the year 1920 shows that organization to be in better condition than it has ever enjoyed. It is now considered one of the strongest mutual organizations of the kind in the industrial field of the state.

With the past year free from epidemics, there were only 266 members receiving benefits as compared with 313 during 1919 The association met all obligations, paying out a total of $5,649 25 during the year, covering sickness and accident claims

The surplus fund now totals $5,221.96, in addition to which there is a "working asset" of $1,520 80.

The membership of the association is about half made up of persons employed in the railways department, which department has only about one-third of the total number of employes of the West Penn system Efforts will be made during this year to increase the interest of employes in the association and add to its membership There is at present an enrollment of 1,250

During the year three members of the association died They were Misses Jenne L. Leech, C. F. Miller and J. D. Bigam

The board of directors is composed of G E Murrie chairman; L E Hankison, W F Long W. S Anderson, William Snure, W R Kenney and James McFall

BOYD LEAVES FRICK

Resigns, After 25 Years, to Enter His Own Business.

Harrison Null Boyd, superintendent of the Edenborn and Gates mines of the H. C Frick Coke company, retired March 1 to engage in a new fuel enterprise of which he is president and general manager Mr Boyd leaves the Frick company after 25 years of service, during which time he has been superintendent of Edenborn, Gates, Lambert, Filbert and Ralph plants

At a farewell banquet tendered by the Frick officials in the Laurel club at Uniontown the guests included W. H Chugerman, president of the Frick company; Clay F. Lynch, general superintendent, W. F. Hood, assistant general superintendent; C. L. Farson, superintendent of the Trotter Water company, J. C. Campbell, chief chemist; G. E Huttle, chief mechanical engineer, T. W Dawson chief engineer, and J E Struble, mine inspector of Connellsville.

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If you have coal land for sale advertise it in The Weekly Courier.

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THURSDAY MORNING, MAR. 3, 1921.

PREVENTIBLE ACCIDENTS.

In one respect at least the lesson to be learned *from* the statistics of the mine inspectors' annual reports is practically the same each year—that the carelessness of the individual workers still remains the cause of the larger part of the accidents.

Although there has been a remarkable year-to-year improvement, as measured in terms of tons of coal produced or number of persons employed per accident, the fact remains that accidents continue to happen with a persistence that has become to be accepted as one of the fixed hazards of the industry. The experience in mining and other industries has been that the introduction of devices for the protection of men while using machinery has almost wholly eliminated accidents from this source. Quite as true is it that the number of accidents do not decrease *proportionately* to the number of mechanical safeguards installed, for employes are injured through their own carelessness notwithstanding the safety devices. But the records from year to year show that more accidents happen where the conditions are entirely within the control of the workers themselves, and which are attributable to the disregard of instructions, than those directly due to machinery causes.

Thus, as instanced in connection with the report of Inspector Hall of the *Ninth district*, the loss of life from falls of roof at the working face, resulting from improper posting was greater in those mines where the roof conditions are naturally the best. In the thick vein mines, where the roof is less stable than in the thin vein mines, the miners have learned through constant caution of the mine foremen and their own experience that care must be exercised at all times if the miner expects to escape the dangers to which he is subjected. As a result the accidents from this cause have been very much reduced in the thick vein mines.

In rather striking contrast the fatalities in the thin vein mines, where fewer men are employed and the aggregate tonnage is very much less than that of the thick vein mines, the number of fatalities from roof falls was four times greater.

The conclusion to be drawn from this fact must of necessity be that the miners in the thin vein mines assume risks their brother workers in the thick vein mines would not think of assuming. All of which serves to show that just so long as individual workmen continue to disregard instructions in the principles of safety first and the constant warnings as to the consequences of carelessness, just so long will the largest percentage of mining and industrial accidents, both fatal and non-fatal, continue to belong to the preventible class.

OUR DEBT TO OUR FARM AGENTS.

The Fayette County Farm Bureau and the farmers of the county as a whole, particularly those who have profited from the work of this very useful agency, will sincerely regret the departure of Farm Agent Sprenkle, as they entertained the same sentiments when P. E. Dougherty, his predecessor, left to take up a larger work.

Qualified by thorough instruction which has been tested by practical application and tests to instruct farmers in approved methods of farming and stock raising, and diligent in the discharge of his duties and intensely interested in *promoting* the activities inaugurated by his predecessor, Mr. Sprenkle deserved and has won the confidence and esteem, not only of the farmers of the county, but of persons in associated activities.

Through the Farm Bureau the interests of agriculture have made an advance which would not otherwise have been possible. The benefits derived from the work of Mr. Dougherty, founder of the bureau, and Mr. Sprenkle, his successor, will be permanent in character, having stimulated the farmers to a new interest and activity and enabled them to realize larger profits from their labors and made it possible to restore agriculture to that position of importance it formerly occupied in Fayette county.

The whole county will therefore be debtor to these young men who have been so efficient and faithful in the discharge of their duties and so loyal to the best interests of the industry they have served.

WORKERS MORE THAN MERE MACHINES.

The complaint is sometimes heard that the great corporations have no thought or care for the comfort and welfare of the persons in their employ; that employes are regarded as nothing more than a part of the plant equipment to be replaced by new and younger workers as the older ones break down or are worn out just as machines are replaced.

How effectively is such complaint disposed of when the magnitude and diversified character of the work being done in the bureau of safety, sanitation and welfare of the United States Steel Corporation and its subsidiary companies is considered!

With practically no limit placed upon the expenditures that may be made in the promotion of every agency and means that will better insure the safety, the health and the wellbeing of their employes the constituent companies have developed an amazing number and variety of activities all designed to serve the material interests of the workers and incidentally to make them more efficient in their daily tasks and better and more useful citizens. The employers derive benefit therefrom, it is true, but the employes are the immediate and direct and perhaps larger beneficiaries.

With expenditures averaging more than $10,000,000 per year the United States Steel Corporation easily takes first rank among the large employers of labor in welfare work. This has been expanded to include every need of the employes, beginning at the time they apply for employment and continuing every day and applying to every phase of life in an industrial community. Living conditions no less than working conditions are the special object of attention by persons trained to detect dangers to health, life and limb and skilled in devising means of eliminating these dangers and preventing accidents. Recreation being an important part in the life of workers, provision is made to satisfy the tastes, inclinations and desires of all classes of employes. The deficiencies in education are supplied by special schools and methods of instruction which give opportunity for every ambitious worker to become qualified for advancement to positions of larger responsibility. In like manner the principles of Americanism are being taught and respect for the flag is inspired as the aliens learn what rights and privileges are accorded citizens, both native born and naturalized.

The results achieved by such a comprehensive system of helpfulness are themselves a complete refutation of the charge that employers are without interest or concern in their employes other than as their labor may serve selfish ends and purposes. Workers are more than mere machines.

PROSPERITY'S ONLY DETERRENT.

It is becoming to be more generally understood and accepted that practically the only deterrent to a resumption of prosperity is the protracted delay in bringing about more complete price and wage adjustments. Not that a pre-war level is expected to be reached by either but there must be a closer approach in that direction than has thus far taken place before there can be a forward movement all along the line of industrial and commercial activity.

Rarely in history have there been present so many elements and factors favorable to a remarkable expansion in business and industry as at this time, once the prime essential to a forward step has been provided. These elements have been in part enumerated in the Philadelphia Ledger by B. C. Forbes, the well-known writer on business conditions, who says:

"Take our crops, the main foundation of prosperity. The 1920 harvests were bounteous.

"Corn, the largest and most valuable crop of all, increased 12 per cent over the satisfactory previous year; barley increased 25 per cent, potatoes 20 per cent, cotton 14 per cent, sugar more than 50 per cent. The earth also yielded an increased amount of coal, pig iron, copper and oil. The wheat yield was above the average.

"Nature did her part to give us prosperity.

* * * *

"Money or credit is the life-blood of business. There is no monetary reason today why we should be groveling in depression.

"The total amount of money now in circulation is $5,141,265,012, equal to $57.19 for every man, woman and child in America. This is quite enough to go round.

"Also, gold is constantly flowing here from other countries—more came last week.

"Bank reserves certainly are high enough to justify confidence and courage. The Federal Reserve Board's recent reports have shown a reserve ratio of approximately 50 per cent, the highest recorded since 1919.

"That there was more saving and less squandering by the rank and file of the American people during the war-bred period of extravagance than was supposed is proven in various ways. Savings bank deposits never before were so high; the amount of distress caused by the recent and present very widespread unemployment never was so limited; new insurance policies taken out last year aggregate $10,000,000,000, an increase of fully 100 per cent over 1918 and more than 30 per cent over 1919.

"Moreover, new bond and stock issues have lately been floated, in enormous volume, both for home and foreign interests, yet investors have absorbed them apparently without the slightest strain.

"Let it also be noted that the international exchanges have lately been improving and that important arrangements are nearing completion for financing credits on a large scale to foreign countries hungry for American products.

* * * *

"Another essential to prosperity is efficient labor. Assuredly we have enough labor to cope with revival in business and industrial activity. And while wages in all industries have not yet been lowered to conform with the substantial reduction in the cost of living, the average wage already is appreciably lower, and once the most gigantic employer of all—the United States Steel Corporation—falls into line by lowering both prices and wages, the labor situation will justify the vigorous prosecution of plans to stimulate increased operations, increased employment and increased prosperity. True, certain important groups of employers want to see wages in their lines reduced before good times set in, but if the Railroad Labor Board, the United States Steel Corporation and other influential interests act with reasonable dispatch this brake should shortly be released.

"After weighing all these considerations, are we not justified in looking for distinct betterment in industry, in business, in trustworthy securities and in employment?

"Let the price readjustment and the wage readjustment necessary in several industries, including steel and other building materials, be effected as promptly as practicable, and we will be headed for the return of healthier and more genuinely prosperous times than we have enjoyed in years."

AN ADJUSTMENT FIRST.

Of the numerous suggestions, projects and plans for starting a home building campaign none yet proposed take the prospective home owner into consideration to the extent, or from the same point of view, as does the editor of Good Housekeeping. In the current issue of this magazine interesting comment is made concerning the responsibility resting upon individuals to take the initiative, without waiting for others who have only a more or less selfish interest as investor or contractor in a solution of the most important problem before the country today. Good Housekeeping's views are explained thus:

"Some one has said that there is no house, no matter how many rooms it has, big enough for two families if they must come in daily contact with each other. No additional reason is needed for a resumption of our house-building, which has been suspended for nearly three years. Tens of thousands—yes, hundreds of thousands—of families are living amid conditions that militate against happiness and real home-making. No woman can be queen who is only half a queen, or one-third a queen, for such has been the shortage of places in which to live that several families have had to live in one place, to the disadvantage of themselves, the community, the nation—and the salvation of their own pocketbooks. But the strain on the pocketbooks has eased up, and there is no valid reason why the threads of our normal life should not be again woven into the old pattern and ideal. It is true that practically everything costs more than it used to, but it is probable that we shall never go all the way back. It is not certain that we should. But that is not the issue. The undebatable fact is that we need houses, must have houses, or take the consequences.

"It is, however, useless to make this a social matter. We are individualists. We do things because we want to do them, because we need to do them, because we get a profit out of doing them. If my town needs five, or ten, or any number of houses, I won't build one of them for the good of the town, but because I need it or can build it at a profit. The whole matter resolves itself, then, into a problem for individual solution. If you want a house, build it. Don't wait for the community to build it. It won't do it. And don't wait for the speculative builder to build it. He can't. He has no money; he never did have any. He used to be able to borrow eighty or ninety per cent of the cost of the building. Now he can borrow barely 50 per cent, and having no capital to span the gap between the mortgage and the cost of the building, he can't build. And don't wait for the capitalist to build your house. He wants a bigger profit than legislatures are inclined to allow him, and so he will put his money where the laws do not trouble him and their minions are at rest. If you want a house, don't depend upon any one but yourself, dig in and build it. Now is the time to study plans, to make decisions to bring dreams to reality, to say, 'I'll do it.' Everything to make a house—bricks, lumber, hardware, labor—is coming down. Houses should be going up.

"But this is no time for carelessness or slipshod methods. So surely as you do not plan to the utmost of your ability your house will weigh you down. Go ahead, yes; but go ahead with your eyes open. During most of last year Good Housekeeping advised no one to build; building costs were beyond all reason. It now advises building because with care in planning, wisdom in contracting, diligence in inspecting, it is possible to get a house that is worth what it costs."

If the times were normal and all persons who desire homes of their own were circumstanced to build the foregoing would have very apt application. But times are not normal and comparatively few people who are most in need of homes have the means or command the resources wherewith to finance a building project on the existing scale of material and labor prices. There must first be an adjustment of these factors that will bring building within the reach of people of moderate means, yes, even of those who have the means and who might be inclined to build as an investment.

So long as lumber prices remain at 122 per cent above the pre-war average, cement 217 per cent, brick 164 per cent and wages at approximately the same range, building is certain to be limited to those persons absolutely compelled to build and in exact proportion will there be a postponement of a revival of transportation movement and all that follows in logical order in the cycle of a country-wide prosperity.

Fayette county seems to be a school for the graduation of its farm agents to places of large responsibility, but not more important than giving the county a new importance as an agricultural community.

Having had a sort of jazz experience as leader in his troubled country it is not surprising that Paderewski expresses fondness for American jazz music.

The "frequently mentioned" among the Cabinet aspirants are now free to proceed to the organization of a mutual consolation society.

Although the slump in securities values may cause a "shrinkage" in the Frick fortune there are many persons who would have been entirely willing to have assumed the risk of being beneficiaries under the distribution.

The decision of the Georgia judge that stealing liquor is no crime will be likely to create a presumption of doubt as to the adequacy of the court's private stock.

A friend that hain't in need is a friend indeed.

It wouldn't hurt some girls if they'd put ten or fifteen thousan' dollars in their stockings.

Next t' a corset in a gypsy camp th' scarcest thing is a satisfied farmer.

This has been a fine open winter for pathetic dancers.

Confidence has been restored—Grandpaw Pash got up at five thir mornin' t' answer a "Boy Wanted" ad.

Miss Tawney Apple was vaccinated on th' ear t'day.

Th' feller who does his best allus feels good whether he gets anywhere or not.

Another drawback t' prohibition is that a bootlegger never waits around t' hear your troubles.

What's gits us is how th' girl in th' carpet sweeper ads keeps single.

Bootleggers used t' hide in th' mountains, but t'day you kin hardly git through a hotel lobby account o' 'em.

What's become o' th' old time chums that used t' git suits alike?

Lafe Bud lost a watch an' two dollars while holdin' his hands up last night.

There's lots o' things t' overcome an' live down, but how anybuddy kin face th' world after their love letters have been read in court's what git us.

"Shrinkage" in the Frick Fortune

Pittsburg Gazette Times.

The reported shrinkage of 60 per cent in the value of the residuary estate of Henry C. Frick, which is to go to educational and benevolent institutions, probably is more apparent than real. It is worth considering, though, with respect to the fixity of values of other large fortunes, which consist mostly of securities. The popular estimate of John D. Rockefeller's wealth is $1,000,000,000 though his son and namesake declared the other day that it never had amounted to so much. But if the Rockefeller accumulations have shrunk in value comparably with the Frick residuary estate, "John D." could not clean up more than $400,000,000 in cash, which would bring him closer to the poorhouse than he has been for a long time. We will not, however, waste sympathy on one in this purely relative state of poverty. Nor would it be wise to conclude that Princeton University will realize only $6,000,000 *from a source which seemed likely to yield $15,000,000.*

If the Frick estate had to be converted into cash now it unquestionably would produce far less money than if it had been sold a few months ago. The daily stock exchange lists tell the story. But if the investments can be held intact for some months or years all that any beneficiaries have expected may be realized. As to intrinsic or income value of the estate, *differentiated from market value*, it is questionable if it is not almost as great today as when Mr. Frick died. That is to say, what is left after conversions to provide for payment of taxes. More securities had to be sold for this purpose on a fallen market than would have been necessary had there been no slump.

Fluctuations of market value of securities are not often taken into account by those to whom any accumulations of wealth are abhorrent. Yet they are a constant source of worry to business men and frequently seriously affect enterprises not even remotely related to the direct investments. Not always is the possessor of a fortune tied up in stocks and bonds to be envied. The millionaire of today may be the piker of tomorrow, or vice versa, so far as capital is concerned. It is the income that counts until the time comes for converting the property into cash. The Frick residuary beneficiaries may or may not be disappointed when they get their bequest.

NO NATIONALIZATION OF COAL.

The Calder bill for the federal regulation of the coal industry, as stripped of certain provisions by the Senate committee, becomes nothing more than a measure to authorize the Federal Trade Commission to exact from operators reports of the cost of mining coal. Even if it passes both houses of Congress in its present form, which is doubtful, and the measure becomes a law, which is still more doubtful, the most that will be accomplished by it will be to re-invest the trade commission with the authority it exercised for a period but was obliged to surrender under a decision of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia in an action brought by the Maynard Coal company when denying the right of the commission to continue its inquisitions into the affairs of coal producing companies.

While the measure in its present form would not be serving any very more useful purpose than giving employment to an army of investigators and clerks, it is worthy to note that the Senate committee has had the sound common sense to eliminate all those provisions which would have tended to restore and make effective the very much repudiated socialistic principle of nationalization of industry.

TAXATION WITH DISCRIMINATION

No one will begrudge the privilege accorded members of organized labor unions in being permitted to deduct from their gross income in computing income taxes the amount paid as dues to their unions. But the fact that such a ruling is in effect directs attention to other inequalities and discriminations in the income tax law.

The evident purpose and intent of the law being to require persons having net incomes above $1,000 in the case of single persons and $2,000 in the case of married persons to pay tax upon the amount in excess of the minima, it has appeared to the average person as unfair that exemptions and privileges should be allowed certain classes of persons and denied others.

For instance, there has never been any satisfactory explanation why persons in the employ of a state and the political sub-divisions thereof, such as school teachers, county officials and city employes, should escape the burden of paying income tax and other persons employed by corporations or individuals in almost precisely the same kind of work, and perhaps at smaller salaries, should be obliged to pay.

To exactly the same extent the exemption of labor union members becomes a discrimination in their favor and against other workers who are not members of unions. With the same show of reason and fairness merchants should be exempt for payment of dues to their state and national associations, farmers for their dues to the Grange or farmers' clubs, doctors for their dues to their medical societies, lawyers for their dues to their bar associations, women to their culture clubs, and men generally for their lodge dues, and so on down the line.

The two classes of exemptions provided by the law and the rulings thereunder very plainly violate one of the fundamental principles of taxation, which is that taxation must be equal in that there shall be no discrimination as between members of the same class of citizens. That is, the tax assessed against laborers, clerks, professional men, bankers and those in other occupations shall be the same for each member of the several classes, without regard to organization affiliations of any kind, and the assessment against property shall be at the same rate per unit of valuation.

The object of the income tax law being to reach sources of revenue which have heretofore yielded no taxes, the application of the law should take into account nothing more than to determine whether this, that or the other citizen, by reason of his or her income, is subject to the payment of the tax, just as occupation or property ownership makes them subject to state and local taxation. Every citizen should do their share toward supporting the government. The object of all taxation being to provide funds for that purpose, all citizens should be placed upon precisely the same footing with respect to their obligations to do their proportionate share under the income tax law that they do under other tax laws.

If taxation without representation was unfair, taxation with discrimination is no less so.

RIGHTS OF CHILDREN; DUTIES OF PARENTS.

The higher percentages of attendance at the schools during the months of the present school year to date are direct evidence of a better enforcement of the compulsory attendance law, and also a better understanding of its objects and purposes by those parents who have heretofore exhibited an attitude of indifference and, in some instances, open resistance.

Instead of adhering to the position earlier assumed, that the state is exceeding its right when telling parents what shall or what shall not be done with respect to a child's attendance at school, there is more general recognition of the fact that there is no desire to usurp the authority of parents but that the sole purpose of the law, and the determination of those charged with its enforcement, is to serve the best interests of the child in its equipment for the duties of citizenship.

This creates a circumstance in which the rights of the public and the state must have precedence over the rights of individuals when those individuals are parents of children of school age. In the matter of attendance at the public schools the law enjoins compliance as the duty of parents. The rights to be respected are the rights of the children to receive the benefits of the best education our public schools can provide.

An early and large movement in merchandise is sure to take place in Connellsville this spring, if the preparations of several establishments to change locations are any indication.

With the remodeling of a number of store rooms planned and in progress Connellsville is in a fair way to acquire the distinction of being a model store town.

After scanning their electric lighting bills for the winter months many householders will no doubt feel they properly belong to the "larger consumer" class, hence entitled to the benefit of the revised rates of the West Penn.

With $1,000 to add to their treasury the members of the Woman's Culture Club naturally feel gleeful over the glee club's visit.

It is now up to some so-called Congressman to object to Hoover holding the two jobs of directing European relief and providing relief for commerce through a reorganization of the department which he will head as a member of the new cabinet.

Why has it become a crime for Judge Landis to hold two jobs when some of his critics in Congress place no limit on the number they are so eager to land for their "lame duck" friends?

THE SMITH-TOWNER BILL.

The re-introduction of the Smith-Towner bill in the forthcoming extra session of Congress is likely to precipitate one of the most spirited and determined contests that will occur during this session. The object of the bill is to create a federal department of education to have supervisory control over the public educational work in all the states of the union, hence its consideration raises the question of the propriety and right of the federal government to usurp the functions of the individual states in the matter of education.

The bill has many staunch supporters and perhaps an equal number of opponents. Educational workers are not a unit for the bill, about as many of the leaders being aligned with the opposition as are pronouncedly in favor of it. There is a division of sentiment in Congress and while the Catholic church in the northern states objects to the bill many Catholics in the southern states, which would be most benefited by the bill, urge its passage.

The provisions of the bill briefly summarized are as follows:

Creates a Department of Education with a secretary in the President's Cabinet and an assistant secretary.

Transfers to the Department of Education the Bureau of Education and authorizes the President to transfer such other offices and bureaus as in his judgment should be controlled by the Department of Education.

Authorizes the department to conduct investigations and studies in the field of education and report thereon, and appropriates the sum of $500,000 annually for purposes of investigation and administration.

Appropriates $100,000,000 annually to coöperate with the states in promoting education, to be disbursed for the following purposes in the proportions stated:

Three-fortieths for removal of illiteracy; three-fortieths for Americanization; five-tenths for the payment of teachers' salaries and the extension of school terms, especially in rural communities; two-tenths for physical education; three-twentieths for the preparation of teachers for rural schools.

To receive the benefits of the act a state must appropriate an equal sum of money.

Each state must report its plans to the secretary of education. The money is to be paid when the report shows that the state is prepared to carry out the provisions of the act. But the administration of educational facilities fostered by the foregoing provisions is to be in the hands of local educational authorities.

The friends of the bill deny that the purpose of the bill is to interfere with the states in their administration of the state departments of education, but that it merely seeks to coördinate the educational work under a federal system of supervision in order that duplication of effort may be avoided, uniformity in methods employed and aid extended to communities lacking in resources to provide ample facilities for the instruction of children of school age.

The opponents of the measure do not take this view. They see many dangers in such a centralization of authority as would result from the creation of the department. These objections, as represented by the attitude of the Catholic church generally toward the bill, have been summarized by Rev. Jones I. J. Corrigan, professor of social ethics in Boston college, as follows:

"1. Because it involves the menace of a federal educational bureaucracy.

"2. Because it destroys the Constitutional principle by which rights reserved to the states, or to the people, are inviolate, in particular, the educational independence of the states.

"3. Because education, which is fundamentally local, it centralizes at the National Capital at Washington, thus subverting the whole traditional educational policy of the country.

"4. Because centralized and 'bureaucratized' education tends to become 'ossified' education; involves the schools in the national curse of red tape, creates another army of government employes, and substitutes the federal official for the local superintendent.

"5. Because it decreases educational efficiency and would throttle educational freedom.

"6. Because it will add hundreds of millions of dollars to the country's already staggering financial burdens for a wholly unnecessary, useless and wasteful national department.

"7. Because it is in reality taxing the North to educate the South.

"8. Because it would work grave injustice to the schools and teachers of all educationally progressive states.

"9. Because notable educational authorities, with no personal interest to be served by the bill, see in it a menace to American education.

"10. Because it is not an American ideal, but a foreign importation, wholly inconsistent with American ideals of freedom and liberty."

With these sharply contrasting views held by capable leaders in education the discussion of the bill in Congress is certain to arouse more general interest than any other measure that will come before it during the extraordinary session to be convened shortly after the inauguration of President-elect Harding.

Batsman Welty, who thought he would score a home run on Judge Landis, base ball arbiter, didn't even reach first base in the first inning.

Not having forgotten how to do sentry duty the members of The American Legion will be found on their posts against any assaults of the German propagandists.

Store remodeling may not provide home facilities for the many seekers but it may be one of the means needed to start something in the home building line.

With below zero temperatures prevailing the Indian Creek Valley residents no doubt feel that after all the weatherman is not making a failure of the winter.

Looking Backward

News of the Past Condensed from the Files of The Courier.

FRIDAY, MARCH 4, 1881.

The licenses of the Baltimore and Central Houses having expired the saloons remain closed until the same can be renewed.

Martin Nee, a young man of this place, has been missing since Friday, January 28.

The proposed strike of the miners of the Connellsville region does not seem to be general.

Isaac Smith loses his life at Watt station when the train on which he was riding jumps the track. An entire car load of lumber is spilled upon him.

F. M. Porter, J. B. Kurtz and Taylor Russell represent Connellsville at the inauguration of Garfield which takes place today.

Charles Dan does purchases two lots in the Johnston addition from A. A. Frances, the consideration being $1,000.

Misses Sallie and Louisa Blackstone visited Pittsburg several days during the week. They returned home, accompanied by their sister, Mrs. George D. Nickel of DeNorte, Col., who will remain here during the summer.

A fire was discovered in the school room occupied by N. B. Kell over the drug store of George H. Machett, but the flames were extinguished before any damage is done.

John Giles and Mrs. Hanna Sidebottom, both of Broad Ford, are married.

John A. Foust and Mrs. Maggie A. Kemp, both of Mannersville, are married at the Presbyterian parsonage here.

Mrs. T. H. Graham 49 years old, died at her home in Pittsburg street, following an illness of pleuro pneumonia.

John Gilligan, a brakeman at the Baltimore & Ohio shops, has his hand badly lacerated when a heavy casting falls upon it.

FRIDAY, MARCH 4, 1891.

Detailed report of the Connellsville coke trade for the week ending February 28 shows a total of 16,119 ovens in the region of which 731 are in blast and 15,388 idle, with a total estimated production of 2,326 tons. Shipments aggregated 192 cars. The old prices of coke still prevail and it is doubtful if can be bought for this figure: furnace coke $1.90, foundry, $2.40; crushed coke, $2.65.

Telephone connection is being made with the Cottage State hospital.

The Second National bank will be ready to open its doors in a few days.

The works of W. J. Rainey continue to make coke and some of the small operators are making attempts to start their plants on the Rainey plan, but with these few exceptions it is safe to say that there will be no coke made in March to come at least and possibly not then. It is evident that the larger operators are in no hurry to start up.

Marriage licenses are issued in Uniontown as follows: Samuel H. Cooley and Mary E. Davis, both of Connellsville; George L. Morrison of Confluence and Clarissa Shipley of Stewart township; Henry Clay Byers of New Stanton and Catherine Waters of Lemont; Charley Demmer of Everson and Emilie Doyle of Connellsville; Painter Crossland of Bullskin township and Emma F. Stillwagon of Connellsville.

The residence of Justice W. H. Berger in New Haven is destroyed by fire.

Karl C. McCormick chief fire marshal, dies at the residence of his father, J. T. McCormick after an illness of three days.

Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Smith of Portland, Ore., are visiting Mrs. J. A. Smith of Peach street.

Thomas Fee and William Shaw represent the William Kurtz Post at the Altoona Grand Army Encampment.

The 21st anniversary of Fayette Lodge No. 230, Knights of Pythias is observed.

William Vance of North Union township and Miss Luella Ball of Dunbar township, are married.

John Newcomer, a former resident of Connellsville township, dies at Toledo, O.

FRIDAY, MARCH 8, 1901.

Detailed report of the Connellsville coke trade for the week ending February 28 shows a total of 21,447 ovens in the region of which 19,458 are in blast and 1,989 idle, with a total estimated production of 225,713 tons. Shipments aggregated 12,145 cars. The old prices of coke still prevail and it is doubtful if can be bought for this figure: furnace coke $1.90, foundry, $2.40; crushed coke, $2.65.

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FRIDAY, MARCH 8, 1901.

Detailed report of the Connellsville coke trade for the week ending March 2 shows a total of 21,447 ovens in the region of which 19,458 are in blast and 1,989 idle, with a total estimated production of 225,713 tons. Shipments aggregated 12,145 cars, and prices are quoted as follows: Furnace, $2.00; foundry, $2.50 and $2.75.

Production of coke in the Connellsville region last week eclipses all previous records. Just a year ago the records for both production and shipments were smashed. At that time however, the active list of ovens in the region was not as large as it is now and the total production for a single week did not reach 220,000 tons during boom period. During February and March and early in April production approached close to that figure for several weeks.

Mrs. Sam F. Hood and two daughters are visiting Mrs. Hood's parents and Mrs. Joseph F. Forney of Philadelphia.

P. R. DeMuth the Pittsburg street florist, has a banana tree that by careful nursing has been brought to a state of bearing. The tree is between three and four feet high and has a fine bunch of bananas on it that will be ready for picking in a short time.

Frank R. Graham and Bateman H. Newcomer will open a drug store in the new Ruth building in Pittsburg street.

One of the new cars ordered by the Pittsburg, McKeesport & Connellsville Street Railway company is placed in service. It is of the compartment type and is fitted up with all modern devices.

THURSDAY, MARCH 2, 1911.

Detailed report of the Connellsville coke trade for the week ending February 25, shows a total of 39,617 ovens in the region of which 26,160 are in blast and 13,457 idle, with a total estimated production of 759,258 tons.

The East Huntingdon school board offers a reward of $250 for the capture of the fiend who attacked Miss Camilla Sagar teacher of the Alice school.

David P. Kelley, 67 years old, a former resident of Connellsville, dies at Rose, Kan.

Mrs. Sarah Lewis 53 years old, dies at her home in Franklin township.

The Connellsville Athletic association settles up its basketball accounts and finds a $1,000 deficit.

Miss Mary Horner and Roy O. Donnell, both of Connellsville, are granted marriage licenses in Uniontown.

Rev. J. P. Allison, successor of Rev. C. M. Wilson at the Christian church, arrives from Cleveland, O.

Captain A. R. Kidd of Company G, suggests holding the annual N. G. P. encampment at Mount Braddock.

Specifications and plans for the new federal building are received by Postmaster A. P. Kurtz.

Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Clay Jones, 71 years old, dies at Scottdale.

Mrs. Anna Gilfillen, 90 years old, dies at Uniopolis.

W. S. Deffenbaugh will resign as superintendent of schools here to be superintendent at Home road.

A Staggering Job

Cincinnati Enquirer.

The prohibition agents are trying to clean up the city of Chicago.

COMMITTEES ARE NAMED FOR K. OF C. STATE CONVENTION

W. J. Doorley Heads Executive Body Arranging For Assembly Here in May.

3,000 PERSONS EXPECTED

Tentative Program Completed But Announcement of Speakers of National Reputation, Not Ready. Youghiogheny Council to Play Role of Host

Selection of committees on arrangements for the annual state convention of the Knights of Columbus of Pennsylvania to be held in Connellsville next May with Youghiogheny council in the role of host has been completed and a tentative program for the week outlined. The assembling of delegates from the councils of the state with members of their families and friends and representatives from nearby councils is expected to bring into the city between 3,000 and 5,000 persons during the convention week.

Many of the details are yet to be worked out but these are going forward. Speakers of national reputation will be here. While tentative arrangements have been made for the appearance of some of these announcement of the list is being deferred until more definite information is at hand.

The club rooms of Youghiogheny council will be headquarters of the convention but the place of assembly has not been determined.

W. J. Doorley of Smithfield who is general manager of the Connellsville Coke Machine & Steel Casting company is chairman of the general committee. F. J. Brady secretary and A. Bastone treasurer. Associated with them on the committee are P. J. Tormay, J. J. Ash, F. J. Dougherty, W. F. Lane, John Boyle, Joseph G. Tippman, L. P. Cuneo, H. B. Brown and James T. Barrett.

Other committees are:

Reception—P. J. Harrigan, chairman, P. J. Tormay, T. B. Donnelly, W. F. Scisson, V. H. Scisson, J. J. Dougherty, A. J. Wild, J. L. Lowney, A. Funari and J. J. Brady.

Hotel—T. B. Donnelly, chairman, F. W. Neurath and H. J. Boslett.

Program—L. E. Cuneo, chairman, Joseph F. Bork, A. J. Wild, F. J. Koelker, J. J. Dougherty and J. M. Doyle.

Entertainment and Dance—Joseph G. Tippman, chairman, James Conway, John J. McIntyre, Basil J. Scisson, James B. Stader, J. Edgar Small and Charles F. White.

Banquet—James J. Ash, chairman, W. H. Krampe, M. C. O'Connor, M. L. Lohan and J. L. Scarry.

Degree—H. B. Brown, chairman, James J. Burns, J. M. Glass, J. F. Denver, J. T. Donovan, John De Temple and J. V. Rodgers.

Publicity—A. J. Wild, chairman, David S. Trimble, P. J. Tormay, J. J. Patrick and R. V. Rendine.

Decorating—Leo J. Lowney, chairman; F. J. Cuneo, C. B. Lightburn, A. V. Corrado and A. Funari.

Convention Ball committee—P. J. Tormay, chairman, F. J. Dougherty, J. E. Small, Joseph Cuneo, M. C. O'Connor, L. J. Lowney and Whitney Scisson.

Women's committees have been named as follows:

General—Anna Lowney, chairman, Mrs. H. B. Brown, Mrs. W. J. Doorley, Mrs. J. J. Dougherty, Miss Winifred Harrigan, Miss Katharine McKevitt, Mrs. Carrie Noonan, Mrs. J. J. Lafley, Mrs. W. F. Lane and Miss Catherine O'Connor.

Banquet—Mrs. William Niland, chairman, Mrs. H. J. Boslet, Mrs. J. J. Wallace, Mrs. V. H. Scisson, Mrs. J. M. Ritchey and Mrs. M. J. Weidinger.

Reception—Mrs. J. J. Ash, Mrs. F. W. Neurath, Mrs. Guy Corrado, Mrs. Basil Scisson, Mrs. James Sullivan, Mrs. Whitney Scisson, Mrs. Alfonso Bastione, Mrs. Anthony Cuneo, Mrs. Emma Scisson, Miss Jennie Cuneo, Miss Anita Gandolfi, Miss Emma Mentzer, Miss Hilda Smith, Miss Eleanor Rush, Miss Cecelia Friel, Miss Rose Bailey, Miss Alice Donegan, Miss Gertrude Dixon, Miss Maxima McNulty, Miss Anna Clark, Miss Margaret Wilhelm, Miss Helen Schuler, Miss Christine Donnelly, Miss Patricia Locke, Miss Rose Schneider, Miss Mary Kelley, Miss Mary Friel, Mrs. John Irwin, Mrs. T. J. Brady, Mrs. Theresa Burns, Mrs. James Barrett, Mrs. D. J. Mahoney, Mrs. J. M. Doyle, Mrs. T. B. Donnelly, Mrs. W. F. Scisson, Mrs. E. F. Doorley, Mrs. James Conway, Mrs. A. C. Hagan, Mrs. P. J. Tormay, Mrs. M. B. Pryce, Mrs. A. J. Wild, Mrs. E. A. VanNatta, Mrs. J. L. Lowney, Jr., Mrs. Joseph Delehunt, Mrs. Anthony Sikora, Mrs. John C. Dixon, Mrs. James Scott, Mrs. John Duggan, Sr., Mrs. Joe Showalter, Mrs. Mary Creedon, Mrs. David Wertheimer, Mrs. Philip McMahon, Mrs. Thomas Doorley, Mrs. Anthony King and Mrs. Charles B. Lightburn.

PROGRAM OF EVENTS

Sunday, May 8

1:30 P. M. Exemplification of First Degree
3:30 P. M. Exemplification of Second Degree, Inquisitor John J. Byrne

Monday, May 9

9:30 P. M. Exemplification of Third Degree, Supreme Deputy F. W. Feeney, Jr., Master, J. J. Bingham

Ladies' Banquet Committee

Tuesday Morning, May 10

9 A. M. Assemble at Club Room
9:30 A. M. Solemn Semi Military High Mass, Celebrant, Rev. J. T. Burns, Sermon
11 A. M. Opening of Convention, Prayer, Rev. J. T. Burns, Address of Welcome, Mayor Duggan, Response, State Deputy F. W. Feeney, Singing—America

Tuesday Afternoon, May 10

1:30 P. M. Opening of Business Session
2 P. M. Automobile Trip
6 P. M. Reception Ball

Tuesday Afternoon, May 10 (Ladies)

Automobile Trip to Points of Interest in Fayette County
Luncheon at Uniontown Country Club

DUNBAR TOWNSHIP STUDENTS' RECORDS FOR FIFTH MONTH

Enrollment Less Than Preceding Month, Percentage of Attendance Greater.

Students of the Dunbar township schools maintained an average percentage of attendance of 94.6 during the fifth month of the term ending February 18 according to the report of Superintendent R. K. Smith. Other figures are:

Pupils of compulsory age 228; non compulsory age 7; total enrollment 0-6; number of days belonged 6028; number of days attended 5721; sessions absent 67; out of a possible 10,060. Number of tardy mark 678; pupils tardy 34.

The enrollment was five less than the fourth month; the percent of attendance three tenths of one per cent better.

Adelaide, Paul, Leisenring, Juniata and Trotter were the schools best attended with records as follows:

Adelaide—138 enrolled, 760 days belonged, 2,100 days attended, percentage 98.

Paul—94 enrolled, 580 days belonged, 545 days attended, percentage 98.

Leisenring—207 enrolled, 640 days belonged, 603 days attended, percentage 97.1.

Juniata—154 enrolled, 907 days belonged, 952 days attended, percentage 98.

Trotter—168 enrolled, 946 days belonged, 903 days attended, percentage 95.

COUNTY TEACHERS' INSTITUTE WILL BEGIN AUGUST 29

Date is Confirmed at Meeting of County Directors' Association Yesterday

At a meeting of the Fayette County School Directors' association, held at the court house in Uniontown Friday afternoon it was determined to hold the Fayette County Teachers' Institute for 1921 during the week beginning August 29. The same time was also fixed for the two day session of the directors' association.

A. Van Horn of Dawson was named corresponding secretary of the association. County Superintendent Carroll presided at the meeting. The work of the present term was discussed and the 1921 schedule was approved.

CASE GOES TO COURT

J. W. Leonard Held Under Bail For Punishing Boy

Charged with assault and battery on Andrew Constantine a 11 year old boy last November, J. W. Leonard of the Narrows was given a hearing before Alderman Fred Munk Friday and held for court under $300 bail. Following the hearing before Alderman Munk the defendant and witnesses went to the office of Alderman Frank O'Connor where Leonard prosecuted Charles McGoogan of Mount Pleasant for assault and battery. McGoogan, it is said, mixed it up with Leonard when he protested against punishment of the boy.

According to the testimony Leonard found young Constantine taking corn from his field and proceeded to chastise him. It was then that McGoogan came along and protested. McGoogan charged Leonard struck him first but the prosecutor in the second case said McGoogan met him later on the highway and hit him. The costs in the second case were divided by Alderman O'Connor.

BODY ON TOP OF TRAIN

Local Brakeman Makes Discovery as He Walks Over Cars.

As his train was passing through Pakerstown Saturday on its way from New Castle to Connellsville Brakeman Jack Williams of the Baltimore & Ohio road found the body of a man encased in a burlap sack lying on the top of a freight car. The victim had been shot twice in the abdomen and in the right ear. The body was still warm. The belief was that it had been dropped onto the train from a bridge at Maple Grove near Lynn City, the train having stopped there.

A county detective from Pittsburg came to Connellsville to interview the members of the train crew while other officers began an investigation at Maple Grove.

POST ELECTS OFFICERS

M. J. Welsh Commander of Veterans of Foreign Wars Organization.

At a meeting of Camp Walter L. Brown, Veterans of Foreign Wars, held Friday in the house rooms of the West Side fire department officers for the year were elected and plans for a home were aired over.

The officers for the ensuing year are: M. J. Welsh, commander; Thomas A. Dailey, senior vice commander; W. Haddock, junior vice commander; William Bowitz, quartermaster; William E. DeBolt, adjutant; Alfred Hawkins, chaplain; B. A. Rhodes, instructor; T. W. Stanford, post historian; J. J. Patrick, Jr., sergeant major; F. P. Ross, trustee.

Buys Pittsburg Property

W. H. Parkhill of Dawson has purchased a residence in Wilkinsburg for his daughter, Mrs. W. J. McGowan, who with her daughter, Miss Ruth, has been residing in Pittsburg.

Mrs. Barbara Miller Dead

Mrs. Barbara Miller, 79 years old, mother of Mrs. Julia Clark of Connellsville, died Wednesday morning at the home of her daughter, Mrs. William Thuss, at Frostburg, Md.

BAZAAR STORE LETS CONTRACTS FOR REMODELING

One of Finest Fronts in This Section Planned For New Establishment.

EXPENSE ABOUT $10,000

Extensive Changes in Interior of Former Cottom Building, to Be Occupied April 1 by Kinsharsky Enterprise, Bargain Basement Included

Contracts have been awarded by the Bazaar Department Store, Jacob Kinsharsky, proprietor, for the remodeling of the Kinsharsky building, North Pittsburg street, formerly the Cottom building, preparatory to occupancy of the place April 1. Front and interior will be changed so as to connect the two present stores into one. The work will be rushed so as to make possible the Bazaar moving not later than April 1 from the Frew building which it has occupied for a number of years.

The front will be one of the handsome in this part of the state. Copper will be used exclusively in place of wood. The frontage will be 44 feet with a display window eight feet wide at the front and 25 feet deep on each side and an island case in the center of the entrance 20 feet long and 16 feet wide. There will be two doorways as in the present Bazaar store. Hardwood floors and paneled backgrounds will be constructed in the display windows.

Extensive changes are provided for in the contract for the interior remodeling which has been awarded to the Connellsville Construction company. When the work is completed the Bazaar will have what is declared to be a complete department store including a bargain basement which is claimed to be something new in Connellsville merchandising.

The rear of the south side of the building will be devoted to women's and misses' cloaks, suits and dresses with all cases of dust proof construction in the front. On the south side will be hosiery, underwear, waists, etc.

The rear of the north side will be given over to the shoe department and the front to men's clothing and furnishings.

An entirely new illuminating system will be installed which will enhance the appearance and make it Fayette county's brightest and cheerier place to shop.

Owing to the extent of the work to be done it is expected the whole of the month of March will be required. The work was started Tuesday.

The expense of the remodeling will be approximately $10,000, the management announced.

Confluence Boy Is Electrocuted in Power Plant

CONFLUENCE, Feb. 28.—Clarence Barkley, 13 years old, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Barkley of Confluence, was electrocuted Monday at the municipal power plant here. He had been to the power house with his cousin, Paul Hunter, and was carrying a pair of steel skates which he had just sharpened.

Hunter saw the lad enter the dynamo room and not long afterward heard him fall. Rushing to the boy's assistance his cousin found him dead on the floor. It is thought he formed a contact in some manner with the dynamo. A pulmotor was used for an hour without success. Paul Hunter is a son of P. H. Hunter, engineer at the power house.

Funeral services will be held on Thursday afternoon.

HITCHMAN SEEKS POST

Mount Pleasant Man Aspirant for Revenue Collectorship, Pittsburg

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—J. D. Hitchman of Mount Pleasant, Pa., stepped into the Pennsylvania patronage picture today as a candidate for collector of internal revenue at Pittsburg.

He is one of three active candidates for this position. Accompanied by R. W. Herbert and John D. Jamison of Greensburg, he called on Senators Knox and Penrose but received only the customary assurance that his case would be considered.

HEIRS CONTRIBUTE $3,000

Butes Offer to Pay Half of Debt Against Flatwoods Cemetery

At a meeting of the Flatwoods cemetery association held Wednesday subscriptions to clear the debt of $6,000 against it were taken.

F. P. Bute, president of the association, announced that the Bute heirs would contribute $3,000 or half of this amount if the remainder of the lot owners would donate the remaining $3,000. The offer was accepted.

VERDICT FOR DEFENSE

School House on Private Property Bone of Contention

A jury Wednesday in Uniontown returned a verdict for the defense in the case of Austin F. Tissue versus Floyd M. Hus of Oliphant, upon instructions of the court. The plaintiff was seeking to recover $1,000 damages alleged to have been caused when the defendant tore down a school house upon the property of the plaintiff.

After an examination of the court records the court ruled that the building in dispute was the property of the defendant and instructed the jury to return a verdict accordingly.

Subscribe for The Weekly Courier and the Flatwoods cemetery.

SWEEPING CHANGES IN N. G. P. UNDER REORGANIZATION

HARRISBURG, Feb. 25.—Reorganization of the new Pennsylvania National Guard in accordance with instructions from the War Department so there will be but four regiments of infantry and some of the organizations will become corps troops instead of part of the 28th Division, was announced Thursday night by Adjutant General Frank D. Beary in general orders from National Guard headquarters.

The division will consist of two infantry brigades of two regiments each, one artillery brigade of two regiments equipped with gas, one engineer regiment, one medical regiment, division trains, air service and special troops.

The 10th and 15th infantry regiments, both Western Pennsylvania commands, will constitute one infantry brigade with the Third, Philadelphia and Sixth, Philadelphia and vicinity, will be consolidated under the name of the Third and with the 8th, Scranton and Northeastern Pennsylvania constitute the other infantry brigade.

There are now three infantry brigades. The headquarters and Company F, Eighth Infantry, Williamsport, and Company B, Eighth, Milton, are transferred to the 15th.

The remainder of the Eighth with headquarters at Harrisburg will be converted into cavalry and form the Second Cavalry. The First Cavalry will remain as it is. The cavalry will become corps troops. The First Infantry, Philadelphia, will be changed to engineers and constitute the divisional engineering regiment while the First and Third Field Artillery, headquarters Pittsburg and Wilkes Barre respectively, will constitute the Field Artillery Brigade. The medical regiment, division trains, air service and special troops are to be organized and will be designated when completed.

The Second Field Artillery, Philadelphia, and the 18th Infantry, Pittsburg, which are to be converted to heavy artillery, are detached from the division equipped with gas. They will constitute a brigade of corps artillery.

Sprenkle Will Quit Farm Bureau Work to Engage in Business

Announcement confirming the story printed in The Courier Tuesday relative to the resignation of Farm Agent P. H. Sprenkle was made last week in Uniontown by Mr. Sprenkle who said he will leave the service of the Fayette County Farm Bureau on March 31.

Mr. Sprenkle will be located at his old home town, York, where he will be associated with a grain and mixed feed concern and in addition he will look after a farm belonging to the Sprenkles.

The farm bureau has had a successful and short career, it is felt, but Mr. Sprenkle felt it necessary to sever his connection with the work in the county.

Mr. Sprenkle was graduated from State college in April, 1918. He was instructor of agriculture at Fairchance high school from April until October when he became Uniontown's farm agent, succeeding J. E. Dougherty. Since taking up his work here he has applied himself most zealously and efficiently to his duties and the county farm work has made development of a most substantial, practical and lasting character. Among the new lines of farm activities which Mr. Sprenkle has introduced and successfully developed might be mentioned the spraying work, the Poland China association and the Farmers' Cooperative Dairy association for both Brownsville and Connellsville. In addition he has ably prosecuted the activities which Mr. Dougherty initiated. Mr. Sprenkle will leave with the highest regard and esteem of all with whom he has worked and of all who have had the privilege of forming his acquaintance.

ATTENDANCE IN SCHOOLS OF CITY GAINS SLIGHTLY

Percentage for January Is 94.2 Per Cent as Compared With 93.06 in December

With an abatement of sickness in the Crawford school, West Side, the percentage of attendance for the Connellsville schools during the month of January picked up a little and totaled 94.2 per cent as compared with 93.06 per cent for December.

The Crawford school had the highest percentage reporting, 96. There are 131 students enrolled there. The high school was second with 95 per cent and an enrollment of 371 followed closely by the Second and Third wards with a combined attendance of 617 and percentage of 95. Sickness on the South Side brought the percentage of attendance down to 91 to the South Side and Dunbar schools. In the two schools there is a total enrollment of 764.

The report shows that 236 students were enrolled in the schools during the month. Out of a possible total of 22,562 days the students attended 21,076. Of the total enrollment 216 are within the compulsory age and 20 of non compulsory age. The compulsory per cent of attendance was 93.3 and the non compulsory 93.1.

The best tardy record for the year was made. The report for the city shows 212 tardy marks made by 214 student. The total number was made out of a possible 104,143.

Dead at Age of 93

William H. Rohrbaugh, 93 years old, died Wednesday at the home of his nephew, William H. Cooper, at Flatwoods. The funeral will be held Saturday afternoon at 1 o'clock at the Cooper home, followed by interment at the Flatwoods cemetery.

WOMEN MEMBERS CORONER'S JURY EXPEDITE CASES

Five Disposed of in Four Minutes After Evidence Has Been Heard.

SLAYER GIVEN FREEDOM

Sitting on a coroner's jury in Uniontown for the first time in the history of Fayette county three women materially aided three men to return five verdicts in less than four minutes Thursday. Only a few words were spoken in the disposition of the five cases the hearings of which consumed less than an hour and a half.

In addition the five new one dollar bills paid each woman by Coroner S. H. Dauer in payment for their services each will receive a large box of candy promised them by Attorney S. R. Coldsmith, counsel for Mary Lavine, who was exonerated from all blame as a result of an accident in which he while riding in an automobile ran down and mortally injured Royal Fekety, 6-year-old at Logan's crossing near Connellsville on the night of January 3, 1921.

Principal interest in the five inquests centered in the case of Mrs. Mary White, who had taken shotgun in hand and killed her husband on January 10 at Royal.

The wife had told Coroner Detective P. M. Murphy according to a statement made on the witness stand that she and her husband had many domestic quarrels, of course she refused to allow him to approach her owing to a loathsome disease with which he suffered. The coroner's detective testified to the veracity of the statement after consulting officials of the Brownsville hospital. Murphy declared that he had talked to White who before his death had taken the responsibility for the shooting declaring it was all his fault.

"Well, girls, what do you think of the White case?" was the question put to the women members by C. M. Feeney, a juror.

"I think she is not to blame and should be exonerated and discharged," quickly replied Mrs. Rebecca McDowell, and from Mrs. Jennie Burd came the reply, "I believe I'd do the same thing myself." Attorney Scott, at the coroner's table, came to the rescue. "So do I, and me too," he said. It was then that the women members fell into line and the case was decided.

Then the automobile case, in which Mary Lavine figured, was decided by the action of the jury.

"I don't believe the Lavine woman was to blame," interposed one of the women and the other two expressed a similar sentiment and thus two of the most important of the cases were disposed of.

In the other five inquiring cases, the evidence was such that it was necessary for the jury to find for the defendants. Mrs. Mary Williams, of Mount Sterling, had come to her death at the hands of an unknown assassin.

The jury also commended that John Shulla be held for the murder of John Gregory at Perryopolis as the latter was taking money from his father's store at Wick Haven to a Perryopolis bank, and the same action was taken in the shooting of Sylvester Williams, a Connellsville Negro, by Bennie Brown as the result of a drunken brawl on February 12.

As the result of the action of the coroner's jury Mrs. White, who has been in the Fayette county jail since January 10, will be released notwithstanding the fact that she had been held for a court trial on a local alderman.

The members of the jury were Mrs. Jennie Burd, Miss Rebecca McDowell, Miss Alta Keener, former Sheriff P. A. Johns, Court Crier Charles M. Lee and J. S. Albright. Miss McDowell is a clerk in the controller's office and Miss Keener occupies the same position in the recorder's office.

Stocks of Game Are Being Replenished in Fayette County

C. R. Williams of Fairchance, game warden for Fayette county, was in Connellsville seeking information relating to violations of the game laws during the season recently closed by the instructions of Game Commissioner Seth Gordon, being to trace such information to the source with a view to prosecuting violators wherever found.

Mr. Williams has recently liberated 300 cottontail rabbits in different sections of the county. Shipments of 120 snow shoe rabbits were made to him but almost half of them died in transit. Those remaining were liberated in the mountain districts of about not being adapted to the lowlands. Several of the rabbits have been found dead since their liberation.

Later in the season Mr. Williams expects to receive a shipment of quail and ring necked pheasants for distribution in those sections best adapted to the propagation of these game birds. The quantity will depend upon the number available for purchase by the State Game Commission. Practically every state in the union except New Mexico now prohibits the shipment of live quail or pheasants across borders.

"CASEY" JONES

Made Member of Honorary Society at State College

R. C. (Casey) Jones, a senior at State College, has been elected to membership in the Lions Paw, a senior honorary society.

Casey has had an important part in athletics at State, having been a member of the varsity football team for three seasons.

Coal Land for Sale!

If you have coal land for sale advertise it in The Weekly Courier.

Bachelors' Club Has Turkey Dinner, First in 10 Yea

Members of the City Bachelors' club formed 15 years ago but inactive for the past 10 years held another of its famous feeds Thursday at the home of Oliver H. Silcox, North Pittsburg street, to celebrate the marriage of Elmer Schaible of Akron, Ohio, who some time ago took to himself a bride in the person of Miss Louise Fike of Leverdale, a half-sister of Mrs. Silcox, to treasurer of the Hough Trust company. Present at the banquet were Louis Hetzel, Robert L. Werner, A. S. Silcox, John Rhodes, William C. Arnald, David Ritchey, Oliver H. Silcox and Harvey L. Silcox. Members not present are D. R. Himelright, Winchester, Va., Herman Englehart of the state of Kansas and Mr. Schaible who sent greetings.

Vocal solos were rendered during the evening by Mr. Werner and piano numbers by Mrs. Fra. Gillett. H. L. Silcox gave a reading, "The Farmer Bachelor," by James Whitcomb Riley. All of the members present responded to toasts. Rev. Dr. William H. Hetrick, pastor of Trinity Lutheran church of which all of the club are members, spoke briefly. The pastor was a special guest. Regrets were sent by Rev. Dr. Ellis B. Burgess, president of the Pittsburg synod of the Lutheran church, over his inability to come.

The marriage of Mr. Schaible took place last June but various circumstances interfered to prevent holding the banquet until this time. The rule of the club has been that when a member becomes a benedict he shall bear the expense of a turkey dinner. That was what all sat down to last night, the service being by Mrs. O. H. Silcox, Mrs. A. S. Silcox and Mrs. M. J. Rohm. The last previous feast was on the occasion of the marriage of Robert L. Werner. Death has removed two of the original members of the club, Albert Sauter and Calvin Lohr.

BLEACHED NEGRO DIES

Robert Dyer Fails to Recover Following Contraction of Cold

Robert Dyer, 49 years old, a well known colored resident of the West Side who for a number of years has been making white died at his home in 43 North Eleventh street following a six weeks' illness. He contracted a cold about two weeks ago and because of his run-down condition due to age and hard work he did not recover.

The negro was known to many persons by reason of the bleaching of his skin attracting much attention. Dr. A. R. McDaniels, his physician, said the pigments of the skin were destroyed by a disease. This however had no part in his death. The skin had been turning white for years and there were very few black spots left upon it.

Deceased was employed as a laborer by the West Penn Railways company. He had lived here for a number of years. His widow and six children survive.

FUGITIVE KILLED

Man Wanted for Murder of Policeman at Brownsville Decapitated

After a sensational and miraculous escape from death in leaping to a certain Fedeates car from the second story of the Brownsville General hospital eight weeks ago, Constantine De Felice, alleged slayer of Special Officer Alfred Gregory, and fugitive from justice since his escape from the hospital, met a horrible death when the waiting authorities, Tuesday, at Kinkaid.

De Felice was beheaded. His remains will not be returned to his home near here but will be buried in Greenlawn at the county prison at Kinkaid.

Subscribe for The Weekly Courier $2.00 per year in advance.

NINE PITTSBURG STREET BUSINESS FIRMS TO MOVE

Shiftings Will Take Place Between This Time and First of April.

SOME ARE COMPULSORY

Numerous shifts from place to place by Pittsburg street business concerns will take place between this time and April 1, no less than nine firms having under way preparations to change locations. Involved in the movement are the Bazaar store, Max Levine & Co., Hicks, Watson & Good, William Chetlen, Alex Chinn, the A. & P. Tea company, the Royal Woolen Mills company and C. J. Packman.

Announcement has been made of award of the contract to A. C. Herwick for the remodeling of the former Silcox building purchased last summer by William Chetlen and occupied by the grocery firm of Watson & Good. Mr. Chetlen, whose business, the Peoples Hardware store, is located in the corner room of the New Inverter opera house building at Pittsburg and Peach street, will move across the street into the remodeled building on or about April 1. The grocery concern will move to the room now occupied by C. J. Packman in the Cunningham building in South Pittsburg street and Mr. Packman will take possession of the room over the McCrorey five and ten cent store.

About $7,000 will be expended by Mr. Chetlen in the remodeling of the place he will occupy. The front is to be extended to include the space given to the stairway leading to the apartments on the upper floors, access to which will be from the rear of the building. When the changes are completed a central entrance with a large display window on each side will slant up the front space of 24 feet. A section of the front Peach street wall will be removed and glass installed this extending 24 feet from the corner. A half brick column will support the corner. Some changes to the apartments will be necessitated by the removal of the stairway from the front.

When Mr. Chetlen vacates the corner room in the Silcox building he will move into the Alex Chinn building next door to the corner one and the A. & P. store will take possession of the vacated one. Who will occupy the A. & P. room is not determined. It is rumored it will be occupied by the Sluster Grocery company, which has recently purchased the property extending from Third and Diamond to the corner of North Pittsburg street, a distance of 85 feet, and extending out Pittsburg street 140 feet. The purchase has been made for the purpose of providing for future expansion to the rear.

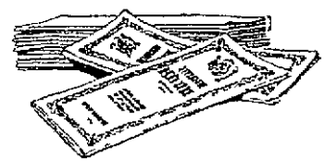
A. M. Hicks, whose lease on the Bazaar store expires May 1, has not decided on a location here and will move to Uniontown. Levine will occupy the present Bazaar location.

Announcement already has been made that the Royal Woolen Mills company will move from Pittsburg street to the former jewelry store of the late A. W. Bishop. It is understood a chain shoe store will occupy the place vacated.

Questionnaires Sent Out

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—In an effort to gather accurate information as to just what manufacturers, retailers and jobbers are doing to reduce personnel and other costs to a normal basis the Chamber of Commerce of the United States has sent a questionnaire to thousands of business houses. It was announced here today.

If you have coal land for sale advertise it in The Weekly Courier.



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CLASS LEADERS AND THOSE PERFECT IN ATTENDANCE IN SCHOOLS OF VANDERBILT

Room in Charge of Principal Bert Means in the Lead.

PERCENTAGE THERE 98

Room 6, of the Vanderbilt schools led in the percentage of attendance during the fifth month, ending February 11, with an average percentage of 98, according to a detailed report. Room 5, Miss Marie Myers, teacher, was second with 97 per cent. Rooms 1 and 2, Miss Mary Zika and Miss Frances Dayton, teachers, were tied for third place with 95 per cent. Next came Room 4, Myrtle Schroyer, teacher, with 93 per cent. Room 3, Miss Hazel Clelland, had a record of 88 per cent.

Class leaders and those present every day are shown in the following compilation:

Room 1, Mary Zeka--class leaders, first grade; Hazel Newell and Margaret Zeka, 96 per cent; Harold Means and Raymond Herbert, 93 per cent. Second grade, Philip Reynolds, Burton McLaughlin and Peter Kozar, 95 per cent. Present every day: Ray Koosed, John Furin, Harold Means, George Pird, Vernon Ringer, Worney Smith, Alva Welling, Ellis Welling, Donald Sanzonne, Cyril Pollack, Wilbur Shallenberger, Peter Kozar, Philip Reynolds, Burton McLaughlin, Albert Strauch, Charles Dalsari, Edward Orlando, Rebba Holler, Georgianna Washington, Margaret Zeka, Ruth Love, Elizabeth De Lorenza and Anna Kovatch.

Room 2--Miss Frances Dayton--Class leaders, third grade, Robert Randolph, 94 per cent, and Charles Ritenour, 93 per cent; second grade, William Vargo, 95 per cent, and Ambrose Bodas, 93 per cent. Present every day: Minnie Pollack, Dorothy R. Smith, Jennie Orlando, Mary E. Madden, Genevieve Shallenberger, Helen R. Evans, Anna M. Evans, Thelma McFarland, Theola R. McLaughlin, Theresa Talijota, Geraldine Taylor, Dorothy Sanzonne, Naomi Gray, Irene Fletcher, Charles Ritenour, Robert Randolph, Leo Ritenour, Arthur Jones, Jack Ambrose, Peter Rulli, Donald Overton, Billy Brady, Jake Sofranko, Mike Carios, Robert Holler, Ambrose Bodas, William Vargo and Wheeler Ringer.

Room 3, Miss Hazel Clelland--Class leaders, fourth grade, Lucy E. Shallenberger, 97 per cent, and Eugene Ritenour, 94 per cent; fifth grade, James Edwards and Lyda Mae Garlick, 89 per cent. Present every day: Joseph Orlando, Boyd Love, Andrew Brasko, Mills Washington, Tony Rulli, Mary Pillar, Francis Patterson, Elizabeth Smith, Imogene Shallenberger, Andrew Zeka, Michael Furin, Charles Shallenberger, John Harris, E. F. Snyder and Rose De Lorence.

Room 4, Mrs. Myrtle Shroyer--Class leaders, sixth grade, Nick Kozar and Leona Goe, 93 per cent, and Ida Vargo, 92 per cent; fifth grade, Margaret Morris, 91 per cent, and Sophia Pillar, 90 per cent. Present every day: Robert McLaughlin, Nick Kozar, Shirdon Prengle, William Robol, Anthon Pollak, Carl Mulac, Lindsay Blair, Nick Rulli, Erwin Pollak, Arthur Ritenour, Leona Goe, Katie Purdo, Jeannette Love, Rose Bonadia, Sophia Pillar, Genevieve Gordan, Helen Bell Ringer, Genevieve Lockett and Magdalene Smith.

Room 5, Mrs. Marie Myers--Class leaders, seventh grade, Rose Bodas, 97 per cent, and Elizabeth Zeka, 96 per cent; sixth grade, Francis Morris, 98 per cent, and Phoebe Strickler, 96 per cent. Present every day: W. H. Herbert, Ralph Mongelluzzo, W. J. Reed, Albert Ritenour, Wilbur Smith, George L. Shallenberger, Alphonso Sheppard, Paul Winterhalter, Albert Riser, Rose Bodas, Anna De Lorenzo, Ethel B. McLaughlin, Mary B. Patterson, Elizabeth Zeka, Francis Morris, Helen Pillar and Phoebe Strickler.

Room 6, Bert Means--Class leaders, eighth grade, Elizabeth Bodas, 99 per cent, and Lester Patterson, 98 per cent; seventh grade, Pearl Patterson, 97 per cent, and Katie Rulli, 96 per cent. Present every day: Lavada Jones, Margaret Holler, Elizabeth Bodas, Carrie Etta Herbert, Pearl Patterson, Katie Rulli, Esther R. Addis, Lola Newmyer, Annetta Blair, Margaret Maksen, Bess Popovich, Thomas Brown, Lester Paterson, Daniel Purdo, Harry Lini, Welty Gordon, G. W. Herbert, Charles Rearick, Michael Lewis Mongelluzzo, Chauncey Harris and Ray K. Miller.

Hundred Thousand Banded in Disabled Soldiers' League

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.--One hundred thousand of those who drilled together, went to France together, fought together and were wounded together, announced today that they had banded together in the National Disabled Soldiers' league to obtain recognition by the government of their claims for compensation.

The league, which was organized some time ago by disabled service men, announced today the opening of a Washington headquarters for direct prosecution of claims of the War Risk Insurance Bureau, the Vocational Educational Board and of the other government agencies having to do with compensation for disability. Officers of the league, of which Captain George H. Gillen of Maine, is president, stated that upon application they would take up the claim of any disabled man regardless of his membership in the league.

Born on Washington Day.

Washington's Birthday was marked by the arrival of a daughter at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Hay at Juniata. There are now four girls in the family.

More Than 50 "P. G.s" Make "Trip Through France in Box Cars"

The biggest event yet held by the La Societe 40 Hommes et 8 Cheveaux, Fayette Voiture, No. 13, was the initiation of over 50 new members at Maddas hall Thursday night, followed by a royal good time and a banquet.

The affair, which had been planned with great care for details, went off successfully. At 7:30 o'clock the "P. G.'s" were lined up in West Crawford avenue in front of the Legion rooms and following a short parade went to the Maddas hall where the "wrecking crews" did their work on schedule time.

Headed by the Connellsville Military band, the "P. G.'s," roped together and under guard, marched about the block composed by Arch, Apple and Pittsburg streets and Crawford avenue. The Scottdale contingent went "through France" with the local boys.

After the "P. G.'s" had been to the "front" and passed the initiation successfully they were ordered back to the "rest billets" and found "chow" prepared. Following the dinner there were talks by Charles E. Gibson, of Voiture No. 5, Pittsburg; and J. C. Donahue, head of Lafayette Post No. 57, The American Legion, Uniontown.

T. W. Scott, is correspondente of Voiture No. 18, and a prime mover in its organization and activities, held a conference with the Legion officials at Morgantown early in the week with a view to organizing a voiture in that place. If this is decided upon the "wrecking crew" from Connellsville will no doubt be called upon to show the West Virginians how to overcome all the obstacles of a "Trip Through France."

By Machine, Is Held Man, Hand Mangled Fast For 45 Minutes

SCOTTDALE, Feb. 26--William Swetmowsky of Mount Pleasant, employed at the plant of the Marion Machine & Manufacturing company here, underwent an ordeal yesterday almost without flinching, that would have been fatal to the average person, when his arm was caught in the cogs of a machine and so mangled that amputation was necessary.

For 45 minutes, while desperate efforts were made to free the suffering workman, Swetmowsky, a Pole, stood and sat by the machine and watched and gave what assistance he could.

First fellow workmen tried to extricate the arm but failed. It was too far drawn into the machine. Then a physician was summoned. He cut away the flesh, and then found it would be necessary to saw the bone, an operation too severe without a profound anaesthetic.

Then dismantling the machine was proposed but this was found to be impracticable with the Pole's arm held fast. Finally a chisel was secured and a part of the machine cut away.

His arm freed Swetmowsky was hurried to the Memorial hospital at Mount Pleasant where the mangled member was amputated. It was the right arm.

EIGHT APPLICATIONS FOR LIQUOR LICENSES IN COUNTY; 51 IN 1920

Four Are Filed by Hotel Proprietors, Three by Brewing Companies; Hearings in April.

As compared with 51 last year there were eight applications for liquor licenses filed with the court in Uniontown when the time expired. Four were for hotel licenses, four for brewery. The first Monday of April is the date set for hearings. The applicants are:

Hotels—William Farnsworth, Altman, Uniontown; Grace E. Hellen, Duquesne, Uniontown; John H. Schmidt, Belle Vernon, and Francis Szpakowski, Republic.

Breweries—Pittsburg Brewing company, Uniontown; Masontown Brewing company, Republic Brewing company and Brownsville Brewing company.

GOODNIGHT HONORED

Doctor of Divinity Degree Conferred by U. of P. on Bethany Head.

Rev. Cloyd Goodnight, president of Bethany college of Bethany, W. Va., and former pastor of the Central Christian church in Uniontown, has been the recipient of the degree of doctor of divinity, conferred by the University of Pittsburg.

The Bethany head was chief speaker at the Founders' Day exercises of the University, and the action is indicative of the long standing friendship between the two institutions.

WATCHMAN MURDERED

Albert Roman Found Dead Near Brownsville, Head Crushed.

Albert Roman, 54 years old, watchman for the Monongahela Railroad company at Big Meadow Run, near Brownsville, was found dead in his watch box last Friday at 9 o'clock with his head crushed by a sledge, a bullet wound in the head and one in the back.

No motive for the murder is known.

Dr. T. H. Patton Dies.

Dr. T. H. Patton, a well known dentist of Brownsville, was stricken with paralysis Wednesday night at his home and died Thursday afternoon. His widow and one daughter, Mrs. George Sherman of Pittsburg, survive.

Coal Freight Rates

EFFECTIVE AUGUST 26, 1920.

TO EASTERN POINTS. Rate per Gross Ton of 2,240 lbs.	ORIGINATING DISTRICT. Pitts'bg	Connellsville Westmoreland Fairmont	G'burg	Latrobe
Baltimore, Md. (Track Deliv.)	$3.58	$3.12	$3.22	$3.18
Chester, Pa. (P. R. R.)	2.58	2.42	2.32	2.18
Chester, Pa. (P. & R.)	2.72	2.47	2.42	2.32
Harrisburg, Pa. (P. R. R.-P. & R.)	2.02	2.07	2.72	2.62
Johnstown, Pa. (B. & O.)	1.54	1.54	....	....
Johnstown, Pa. (P. R. R.)	1.62	1.72	....	....
Lebanon, Pa. P. R. R. and P. & R.	2.44	2.29	2.14	2.04
New York, N. Y. (31st St.)	2.46	2.71	2.56	2.46
New York, N. Y. (Brklyn)	4.90	2.86	2.70	2.60
Philadelphia	3.43	3.48	3.28	3.18
Sparrows Point	3.38	3.43	3.23	3.18
Steelton, Pa.	2.02	2.87	2.72	2.62
South Bethlehem, Pa.	2.72	2.87	2.42	2.32
Syracuse, N. Y.	2.72	2.87	2.42	2.32
To ATLANTIC PORTS via P. R. R.				
Greenwich, local	2.33	3.19	3.03	2.85
Greenwich, export	2.00	2.56	2.79	2.69
South Amboy, P. & O. B. vessels	2.51	2.56	2.71	2.51
Harsimus Cove	2.65	2.41	2.26	2.16
Greenville	2.56	2.41	2.26	2.16
Canton, Balto., local	3.33	2.15	3.03	2.93
Canton, Balto., export	2.94	2.78	2.62	2.53
To ATLANTIC PORTS via B. & O.				
St. George Coal Piers	2.86	2.71		
St. George for Export	2.51	2.36		
Philadelphia Coal Piers	2.53	2.18		
Philadelphia for Export	3.00	2.85		
Curtis Bay Piers	2.83	3.00		
Curtis Bay for Export	2.92	2.75		

The rate from points on the Monongahela Railway in the Fairmont group south of the Pennsylvania state line to Johnstown is $1.95 per net ton. Rates to Johnstown from Greensburg and Latrobe groups apply specifically from point of origin to destination.

The Connellsville Rate applies to shipments from points on the Southwest Branch of the Pennsylvania railroad south of Ruffsdale, from points on the Pittsburg, Virginia & Charleston and points on the Monongahela River railroad.

The Fairmont Rate on shipments via the Baltimore & Ohio applies to shipments from points east of Smithfield, Pa., from points on the Smithfield & Masontown Branch and from the Fairmont Region of West Virginia.

TO WESTERN POINTS.	Pittsburg Group (1)	ORIGINATING DISTRICT. Upper Ohio (2)	Lower Ohio (3)
Canton, O.	$1.77½	$1.83½	$2.02½
Chicago, Ill.	2.43	2.43	2.43
Cleveland, O.	2.06½	2.11½	2.20½
Columbus, O.	2.10	2.21	2.38
Detroit, Mich.	2.61	2.57	2.87
Indiana Harbor, Ind.	2.43	2.43	2.43
Toledo, O.	2.66	2.69	2.69
Youngstown, O.	1.50	1.53	1.82
Lake Ports	1.88	1.92	2.05
TO CANADIAN BASING POINTS.			
Port Maitland, Ont.	2.51	2.56	2.66
Buffalo, N. Y.	2.51	2.56	2.66

These rates apply in a general way to shipments from the territory described. There are, however, numerous exceptions to the specific rates quoted and in each case before applying the rate as a basis for freight bills the shipper or consignee should determine the exact location of the mine from which the business will move, then refer to the Tariff naming the rate in question.

The Pittsburg District includes points east as far as Latrobe and south on the Southwest Branch to and including Ruffsdale, but not including Brownsville on the Pittsburg, Virginia & Charleston railroad, eastward to Dawson on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, and eastward to Dickerson Run and southwest to and including Brownsville on the New York Central lines.

The Connellsville District includes points on the Southwest Branch of the Pennsylvania railroad south of Ruffsdale, on the Pittsburg, Virginia & Charleston except Fairmont and all Monongahela River railroad points, New York Central points east of Dickerson Run, including Connellsville Transfer, and points on the Baltimore & Ohio, Dawson to Point Marion, Pa.

MRS. COCHRAN GIVES DAWSON LEGION HOME

Two-Story Frame Structure on Main Street For Ex-Service Men.

USED AS AN APARTMENT

Building Will Probably Be Raised and Furnace Placed in It, Together With Number of Other Improvements; Possession to Be Given Soon.

The Milton J. Newmyer Post, No. 483, The American Legion, at Dawson, has been presented with a home, possession to be given soon, by Mrs. Sarah B. Cochran. The home was given to the post about two weeks ago.

The building, a two-story frame structure on Main street, will be occupied entirely by the Legion. At present it is used as an apartment house, two families residing there. It was formerly occupied by a drug store and later was an entertainment hall.

The Legion post will probably raise the building and install a furnace, as well as to make other improvements. Efforts will be made to secure funds for furnishing it.

SCHOOL BOARD PAYS $10,200 TO SHOWMANS

The Connellsville school board has paid to Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Showman the amount awarded for their property condemned as a part of the site for the new high school building.

The award was $9,500 with interest. The total is said to have been about $10,200.

MANY SLEEPERS

Men Without Employment Seek Shelter Every Night.

The city hall continues to be the sheltering place for a number of sleepers every night. Practically every night since the cold weather set in there have been some men asked to stop for a night's lodging.

The police will not allow a man to make a habit of sleeping at the jail, and those housed each night are always newcomers, an indication of the industrial depression.

TELEPHONE OFFICERS NAMED

Greensburger Heads Mount Pleasant Farmers' Concern.

MOUNT PLEASANT, Feb. 28--Officers of the Mount Pleasant Farmers Telephone company were elected at a meeting of the board held here at 1:30 o'clock Saturday afternoon. Those elected were:

President, M. F. Byers, Greensburg; vice-president, Robert Long, Mercer; secretary-treasurer, Milton Poorbaugh, Mount Pleasant. Isaac Sherrick of Mount Pleasant was re-elected a director.

Bees Gathering Honey.

Visitors to Hill Grove cemetery Sunday reported seeing honey bees flitting about the flowers on newly made graves.

PROGRAM FOR LOWER TYRONE COMMUNITY DAY IS ANNOUNCED

Many Former Teachers and Pupils of Early Days Expected to Attend Gathering.

Lower Tyrone township's community school home coming day, to be held on Saturday, March 5, will be a gala event, and a program which will keep things moving throughout the entire day has been prepared by J. M. Luckey, supervising principal and chairman of the committee.

Former teachers and pupils of the school are included among the speakers. There will also be music and refreshments.

The program opens at 10:30 o'clock in the morning and following a recess at noon continues on throughout the afternoon.

Among former teachers expected to be present are: J. I. Ramsier, Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Shallenberger (Mrs. Shallenberger was formerly Miss Kate Calley), Attorney D. W. McDonald, George R. Jeffries, both of Uniontown, and F. E. Younkin of this city. Prof. Delmer Cotton and Supervising principal Luckey will preside at the sessions.

The features of the program are:

10:30--Devotions led by Rev. H. A. Baum of the Dawson and Bryan churches.

10:45--Until the last speller has been spelled down, "Ye Olde Fashioned Spelling Contest."

Reading--Miss Grace Orbin.

Ye Olde Time Sing.

Noon recess for dinner.

1:30--Address of welcome--F. A. Tarr, president of the Lower Tyrone township school board and of the Fayette County School Directors' association.

Response--W. D. Hixon.

Presentation of flag--W. D. McGinnis, a former pupil.

Address, "Community Civics"--O. P. Moser, 46 years a pedagogue.

Address--Principal Pietchel of the Dunbar township high school.

Recitation--Miss Sarah Wiggins.

Address--Prof. A. L. Snyder of Lower Tyrone schools.

Address--Bela B. Smith, superintendent of the Connellsville schools, township schools.

Address--Prof. J. T. King, supervising principal of the Luzerne township schools.

Address--R. K. Smith, superintendent of the Dunbar township schools.

Calisthenic drill led by Miss Emma Tomblin of Lower Tyrone.

Address--Prof. J. C. Beahm of the South Connellsville schools.

LAWYERS BANQUET

R. H. Ludlow of Philadelphia Speaker at Annual Dinner Saturday.

Approximately 80 members of the Fayette County Bar association attended the 29th annual dinner held at the Uniontown Country club Saturday and were treated with a brilliant address by Benjamin H. Ludlow of Philadelphia, on "Digging in the Reconstruction Trenches." The afternoon was spent in playing games, relating reminiscences and a general good time. The feature of the occasion was the address of Mr. Ludlow, who was made an honorary member of the association.

J. B. Adams, president of the association, presided and introduced W. J. Sturgis as master of ceremonies.

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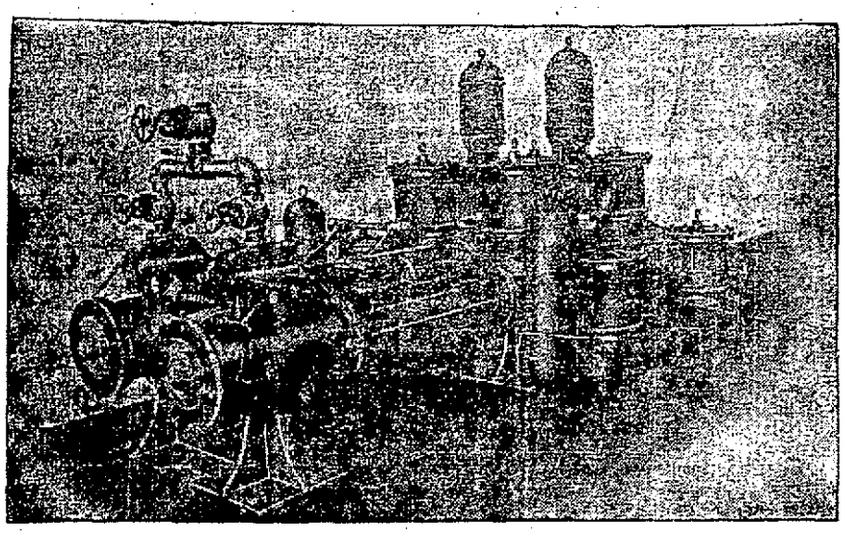

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Court Approves M. E. Church Sale

The court in Uniontown last Friday approved the sale of the old Methodist Episcopal church of Connellsville to Robert Norris for $22,000 and ordered that a deed be executed.

John Kern's War Record.

John Kern, who died last week at the home of Charles Pletcher, near White, Pa., was a veteran of the Civil War and was known in Connellsville. He enlisted in Connellsville in Company H, 112nd Regiment, under the command of the late Captain J. M. DuShane and composed of men from Connellsville and vicinity.

Fire at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25--Fire today caused damage in the downtown district estimated at $20,000.

Advertise in The Weekly Courier.

WANTED.

WANTED—AT COURIER OFFICE, copies of The Weekly Courier for March 27, April 10, May 15, June 26, July 3, 10, August 20, September 1 to 30, October 2, 16, 23 and 30, 1919. 10nov-tf

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Austin Coal & Coke Co., Plants 2 and 3	428	H. C. Frick Coke Co., Yorkrun, Shoaf and Bitner	1,000
Colonial Coke Company, Smock	160	Struthers Coal & Coke Co., Fairbank Works	120

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UNIONTOWN, PA.

ENGINEER'S DEATH DUE TO FOUL PLAY, FRIENDS BELIEVE

Hundred Dollars and Passes of William Moline, Dawson, Missing.

FOUND ALONG RAILROAD

Leg Severed and Abrasions of Forehead and Wound on Jaw; Officers Say Injury Resulted from Effort to Board a Moving Freight Train.

According to Burgess L. S. Mellinger of Dawson people of that town, friends of William Moline, a young Baltimore & Ohio engineer, are not convinced that his death early Sunday morning at the Cottage State hospital was not due to wounds inflicted by holdup men and scout the theory that he was attempting to board a freight train here and fell under it. Officers, it is said, hold the latter view.

Moline, his left leg severed, was found lying along the tracks just west of the Western Maryland-Pittsburg & Lake Erie station on the West Side Saturday night. The conductor of an eastbound freight, which did not stop here had telephoned from Indian Creek to Dickerson Run that he believed the train had run over a man near the station.

According to Burgess Mellinger, as related by the parents of Moline, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Moline of Dawson, the young man had about $100 on his person when he started in the morning for Pittsburg to take an examination on application of air on an engine. When found his pocketbook was rifled, it is claimed, of all his money and his railroad passes. His overcoat and undercoat were gone, also.

Moline went to Pittsburg Saturday morning in company with James Sproat and Burgess Mellinger. He returned with Sproat. According to information Burgess Mellinger secured there were in the train two or three strangers who fraternized with Moline. Sproat left the train at Dickerson Run. Moline came on to Connellsville. The strangers also came to Connellsville, it is said. Thomas Sproat, a brother of James, said Moline detrained at the station on the West Side. That was the last seen of him so far as is known, until he was found along the track.

The young man's watch was picked up a few feet from where he lay, the chain broken, part of it still attached to his person. Officers hold to the belief that this is evidence he was hurled by a train while attempting to board it.

"The people of Dawson are not satisfied that Moline met his death by accident," Burgess Mellinger declared.

Besides the mangled leg there was, Mr. Mellinger said, an abrasion of the forehead and a wound on the jaw.

Moline was 22 years old. He had been with the Pittsburg & Lake Erie for five or six years. He was recently promoted to engineer.

HENRY J. MOSSBURG DIES

Aged Perryopolis Man Had Been Engaged in Business.

Henry J. Mossburg, 87 years old, a merchant at Perryopolis for many years, died Saturday at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Husing Carson at McKeesport. Mr. Mossburg spent nearly all his life at Perryopolis and was widely known in that community, especially among the older residents of Perry township. Since disposing of his store he had lived retired and for the past eight years had been located at McKeesport. Since the death of his wife he had made his home among his children. The surviving children are as follows: H. J., Jr., Mrs. Husing Carson, Mrs. Alice Banks, E. K., all of McKeesport; Mrs. Elizabeth Jones of Belle Vernon and Mrs. James Shaffer of Mount Pleasant; Mrs. Emma Fisher of Ohio and Mrs. Stella Ellenberger of Connellsville. Thirty-five grandchildren also survive.

Directors Elected.

At a meeting of the South Connellsville Lumber company on Saturday directors for the ensuing year were elected. They are J. C. Henry, J. Whitney Soisson, Mrs. Emma Soisson, H. G. May and J. M. Doyle.

To Remain in Uniontown.

Headquarters of the Monongahela division of the Pennsylvania railroad will be retained in Uniontown, according to announcement there, denying a report that the offices were to be moved.

Old Miner Homestead Sold.

J. C. Miner has purchased the old Miner homestead on the brick road one mile from Murphy siding. The property adjoins Mr. Miner's present residence.

MELLON HAS NO INTEREST IN OVERHOLT

Nor Will Prohibition Enforcement Be Under Him, He Tells Minister.

Andrew W. Mellon, said to be President-elect Harding's choice for Secretary of the Treasury, has no interest in the Overholt distillery at Broad Ford, according to a report given from the pulpit to his congregation last night by Rev. Dr. D. L. Marsh, pastor of the Smithfield Methodist Episcopal church, Pittsburg, of a talk with Mr. Mellon. The minister's statement was made in reply to a letter placed in his "question drawer" asking: "Does A. W. Mellon, Mr. Harding's choice for Secretary of the Treasury, own the Overholt distillery?"

Answering the query, Dr. Marsh said:

"I wrote Mr. Mellon a letter last week telling him that I had this question and that I was going to answer it according to the best of my knowledge and I would appreciate any light which he could throw upon it. Mr. Mellon, in return, invited me to his private office and I had a long and pleasant conversation with him on this and related subjects. He told me that that the Overholt distillery had been built by Abraham Overholt in 1810. Abraham Overholt was the grandfather of H. C. Frick. Mr. Frick inherited a one-third interest in the Overholt distillery. Frick and Mellon were then chumming around together and Mr. Frick induced Mr. Mellon to purchase a one-third interest in the distillery. This was in 1880. Another man purchased the remaining third. Frick and Mellon gave no personal attention to the conducting of the distillery, but they allowed two-thirds of the profits to go to the other owner for handling its affairs, though they owned two-thirds and he owned only one-third.

"Mr. Mellon said further that he had seen for some time that prohibition was coming and therefore the distillery interest became less inviting to him. He said that during the war grain was so high that it did not pay to make whisky. Most of the stock for several years has been held by the public in the form of certificates. Upon the death of Mr Frick the company went into liquidation, and has never been reorganized. Before Mr. Mellon even thought of having an invitation to become a member of the President's cabinet the owners of the Overholt distillery had turned it over entirely to the Union Trust company of Pittsburg, which now owns the remains of the Overholt distillery. Mr. Mellon declares that he has absolutely no more interest in it than I have—and I assure that the only interest which I have in it is one of rejoicing that the business is as dead as a polecat shot by Daniel Boone.

"In this same conversation when I mentioned to him that naturally the public interest in his ownership of the distillery rests chiefly upon the fact that under President Wilson's administration the Secretary of the Treasury has appointed the internal revenue collector and the internal revenue collector has appointed the federal prohibition enforcement officer, and of course if Mr. Mellon's sympathies were with the booze interests the public would not feel that they were getting a square deal in the enforcement of prohibition. Mr. Mellon replied that under Mr. Harding's administration the enforcement of prohibition was to be placed in the attorney general's department. And, by the way, Harry M. Daugherty, who is to be the attorney general, is 'dry' and the prohibition people have every reason to congratulate themselves that he is to be charged with the enforcement of the prohibition law.

"But to come back to Mr. Mellon, let me say this final word: He said that he was not in favor originally of national prohibition. Not because he desired especially the open saloon, but because he believed that inasmuch as the country was going dry by degrees and the people were gradually becoming more temperate, that prohibition would come as a process of evolution rather than of statute; but that now since we have national prohibition, he would not have it repealed for anything."

Removing Trees.

J. Wilbur Madigan is having the shade trees removed today from in front of the Zimmerman property in East Fairview avenue, which he purchased, the roots having grown to such an extent that they are a menace to the sewers. On opening one sewer it was found that the roots of one of the trees had grown into it. The trees were planted a number of years ago by the late John Zimmerman.

Visitor From West.

Mrs. Hester Mills of Kansas City was the guest Wednesday of Mrs. A. L. Hart of Juniata.

METHODISTS SAY FAREWELL TO OLD CHURCH EDIFICE

Largest Communion in Its History That of Sunday Evening.

S. S. RECORD IS BROKEN

The largest number of communicants which have knelt at the altar of the First Methodist Episcopal church were present for the communion Sunday which marked the last service to be held in that church. Today the work of dismantling the structure, which was sold to W. D. McGinnis, was begun and future services of the congregation will be held in the Cameron school building until the new edifice to be erected on the site of the former Colonial Inn is completed.

The morning services were conducted by Rev. J. B. Risk of Pittsburg, superintendent of the Washington district of the Pittsburg conference of the church and pastor here between 1896 and 1899.

In the evening the present pastor, Rev. B. W. Hutchinson, occupied the pulpit. He read a list of pastors who had served the Methodist congregation in the present church. Special music marked both services.

The Sunday school attendance record for the past year was broken yesterday morning when 417 answered the roll call of a rally day service.

Following the communion service, Rev. B. W. Hutchinson spoke briefly, calling on every member to stand back of the board in the step that has been taken. Free-will offerings for the building fund were unusually large yesterday.

Including the present one, Rev. Dr. Bennett W. Hutchinson, there have been 11 pastors since the erection of the old church was begun in the early eighties. Rev. Robert T. Miller was pastor at the time the project was launched, his term extending from 1881 to 1884. Rev. R. B. Mansell was in charge of the flock when the church was dedicated, his pastorate extending from 1884 to 1887. Others were J. W. Baker, 1887 to 1891; Rev. T. F. Pershing, 1891 to 1896; Rev. J. B. Risk, 1896 to 1899; Rev. M. J. Sleppy, 1899 to 1902; Rev. M. A. Rigg, 1902 to 1906; Rev. A. J. Ashe, 1906 to 1909; Rev. R. C. Wolf, 1909 to 1914; Rev. G. L. C. Richardson, 1914 to 1920.

Revival services will begin in the Cameron school building next Sunday with Dr. Hutchinson as the speaker. Miss Edna Pauley of Charleston, W. Va., has been engaged as the singing evangelist of the campaign and will remain to its close on Easter Sunday. Plans for the new church have not been definitely agreed upon. An architect is now at work on them. When the building will be started is something also that has not been determined. Much will depend on conditions during the spring and summer. The first endeavor will be to raise the necessary money. The hope is to have the project launched during the year.

L. W. Brown Leaving Wright-Metzler Co.

L. W. Brown, manager of the carpet and phonograph departments of the Wright-Metzler company, has resigned and will leave the local concern in about two weeks to go to Johnstown where he will be connected with the Penn Traffic company. In his new position Mr. Brown will be manager of the floor covering department. Mr. Brown's resignation from the Wright-Metzler company severs a nine-year connection with that concern. He came here from Morgantown in 1912 to become manager of the carpet department, which place he has since held. The resignation becomes effective on March 19 and on March 21 he will go to the Flood City. His successor has not been named.

For the present Mr. Brown's family will reside at Poplar Grove, his present residence, but he expects to move to Johnstown in the early spring.

GRANGE ANNIVERSARY

Annual Dinner and Program at Scottdale Next Saturday.

SCOTTDALE, March 1.—Eureka Grange will hold its annual anniversary rally in I. O. O. F. hall Saturday, March 5, beginning at 10 o'clock, according to announcement today. Dinner will be served at 12 o'clock. All members are invited to come and "bring your sweethearts and babies and have a good time." The orchestra of the United Brethren Sunday school at Everson will furnish music.

The program for the afternoon follows: 1:30, Devotional by Rev. Work; 2, address by P. H. Dewey of Harrisburg, state secretary; 3, music by orchestra. 3:30, debate, "Farmers as Patriots."

The committee in charge is composed of W. H. Rankin, Mrs. S. A. Detwiler, N. R. Lyons, Matthew Gault and Frank Ritenour.

MARKING BATTLE LINES

Where Pennsylvanians Fought in France is Proposal of Legion.

HARRISBURG, March 1.—William G. Murdock, state adjutant of The American Legion, was here yesterday to urge the appointment of a commission to go to Europe and mark the battle lines held by Pennsylvania troops during the war with Germany.

Membership of the committee would be limited to men who actually participated in the engagements.

Edward Bailey Home.

Edward Bailey of the West Side returned home Sunday from St. Joseph's hospital, Pittsburg where he underwent an operation several weeks ago. He was accompanied by his daughter, Miss Marie, a student nurse at the hospital.

FORMER MOUNT PLEASANT MAN IN TRAIN CRASH

MOUNT PLEASANT, March 1.—Among the passengers on the two coaches of a Michigan Central passenger train wrecked by a New York Central flyer on a crossing at Porter, Ind., Sunday night was Milton S. Carr of Benton Harbor, Mich., hurrying to this place to attend the funeral of his mother, Mrs. Eliza Carr, who died Sunday morning following an operation. He was not hurt, though nearly 40 others in the cars were killed and many injured.

Owing to the necessity of getting here for the funeral, held today, Mr. Carr left the scene of the catastrophe soon afterward and walked nine miles to get another train.

The funeral of Mrs. Carr was held Tuesday afternoon, with services at United Brethren church, conducted by Rev. T. C. Harper of Latrobe, assisted by the pastor, Rev. C. W. Hendrickson.

REV. COUDEN, BLIND CHAPLAIN OF HOUSE, SAID 5,000 PRAYERS

During His Service Covering More Than a Quarter of a Century.

LOST SIGHT IN BATTLE

Was Not Dismayed by Misfortune But Qualified Himself for Ministry, in Which He Was Successful; His Prayers Gained Him National Fame.

In the retirement of Rev. Henry N. Couden, who served as chaplain of the House of Representatives for more than a quarter of a century, public life in Washington and the nation loses one of its most picturesque characters, says the Washington Post. The advanced age of this remarkable man, now 80, caused the House to pass a resolution granting him a pension and making him chaplain emeritus. He insists, however, that so long as he is physically able he will continue to pronounce his morning benedictions in the House.

Until a few years ago when ill health confined Mrs. Couden to her home, it was a familiar sight at the Capitol to see her leading her husband to his duties as religious mentor of the House. The loss of his constant companion, upon whom Dr. Couden depended so much in his work has told upon his own strength. His fortitude in this great adversity, members have remarked, is in keeping with the character of the man who has sat in physical darkness for three score years, yet has devoted his time to spreading mental and spiritual sunshine through the lives of thousands of others.

The writing and deliverance of prayers may be said to have almost formed a life's work for Dr. Couden, for it is his prayers in the House which gained him a national reputation. Each prayer is a polished mosaic, rich in figure and lofty in idealism. They are used in hundreds of churches throughout the country and by many semi-religious organizations.

Just after the entrance of the United States into the World War, Dr. Couden delivered the following prayer in the House, which succinctly sums up the ideals of America in the war:

"Almight God, our heavenly Father, Author of every great thought, of every high and holy aspiration clarify our minds that we may think clearly, and fill our hearts with pure motives in the epoch-making period through which the world is passing, that we, as a people, may do our part in shaping the destiny of mankind. It is a gigantic undertaking for truth against error, righteousness against evil, liberty against oppression, democracy against autocracy, the divine right of man against 'the divine right of kings.' Without Thee we are impotent; with Thee we are strong, for Thou art mighty to deliver. Uphold, sustain and guide us, and inspire every American heart with patriotic zeal that no man, no woman may be found wanting; that out of the great holocaust shall come a brighter day when men shall learn war no more; and liberty, justice, righteousness and peace shall reign supreme and the old earth shall rejoice and blossom as the rose, to the glory and honor of Thy holy name. Amen."

Dr. Couden's prayers delivered during the war are especially notable for their ringing Americanism. Without his knowledge, the House had collected and published as a public document his prayers delivered in the Sixty-second Congress. More than 55,000 of these have been distributed by members and Dr. Couden himself, and the great demand for the volume is causing efforts to be made to have another edition published.

Dr. Couden was elected chaplain of the House in the Fifty-fourth Congress and has been elected without opposition in each succeeding Congress, regardless of party control of the House. Thomas B. Reed of Maine was then speaker of the House.

Dr. Couden is a veteran of the Civil War, having lost his sight while serving with the Union forces in Mississippi. He was a lad of 18 when the war broke out and was the first man from his township in Ohio to answer the call for volunteers.

He was plowing in a field one day when a neighbor brought him a newspaper announcing that President Lincoln had issued a call for 75,000 volunteers. Young Couden drove the team to the end of the furrow, unhitched the horses and took them to the barn. The next day he started for Cincinnati, where he enlisted as a private in the Sixth regiment of Ohio infantry. He was in the thick of the fight from the beginning, having participated in engagements at Laurel Hill, Carrick's Ford and Green Briar, W. Va., and Shiloh and Perryville, Ky. He was recommended to be a commissioned officer.

It was in an engagement with Confederate troops at Lake Beaver Dam, Bayou, near Austin, Miss., that he received a charge of small shot in the face and eyes, totally destroying his sight, besides gunshot wounds in the left arm and side and foot. He was believed to be beyond surgical aid, but at last recovered to find himself in total darkness.

There were no rehabilitation schools provided at government expense, but he was not discouraged. As soon as he could he attended a school for the blind, where he remained for seven years. He then took a complete theological course at St. Lawrence university, Canton, N. Y., and was graduated with honors.

He has been a successful pastor, his first call being to a church in Madrid, N. Y. From there he went to Willoughby, O.; then to Chatham, Mass., and then to Port Huron, Mich. It was from Port Huron that he came to Washington to become chaplain of the House. Although he has never been pastor of a Washington church he has preached from many pulpits in the District.

Affectionately known as "Uncle Henry," Rev. Couden has long been a friend of the family of Mrs. Alice K. McIntyre, of McKeesport, mother of Mrs. K. M. Snyder, president of The Courier Company.

COMPANY D MAY BE CHANGED INTO MACHINE GUN UNIT

In connection with the reorganization of the Pennsylvania National Guard into two infantry and one artillery brigade, with auxiliary troops, as noted in these columns some days ago, there is a possibility that Company D may be changed into a machine gun company.

The 10th and 16th infantry regiments, already organized and federally recognized, will not be changed except that three companies of each will be outfitted as machine gun units. While no orders have yet been issued respecting the change in equipment the impression prevails that company D will be one of the three companies in the 10th regiment to be changed.

The field, line and staff officers of the 10th regiment will undergo an examination by the board of examiners at Greensburg on March 7. This body passes upon the fitness and qualifications of officers and is composed in part of Regular Army officers.

PERRY TOWNSHIP EDUCATIONAL RALLY NEXT SATURDAY

County Superintendent Carroll Among Speakers at Community Gathering at Layton.

A community meeting of the Perry township schools will be held Saturday, March 12, in the Layton Methodist Episcopal church. There will be two sessions convening at 10 A. M. and 1:30 P. M. Lunch will be served free and no admission to the meetings will be charged. The entire community is invited.

The following program will be rendered:

Morning Session.

Music ..... Orchestra
Essay, "Poetry in the Schools" ..... Marguerite Dang
Recitation ..... Hurley Hood
Recitation ..... Gertrude Edwards
Exercise ..... Room 2
Music ..... Orchestra
Talk ..... L. A. Mattis
Paper ..... Ruth Brown
Song ..... Girls of Rooms 1 and 2
Recitation ..... Hazel Rock
Recitation ..... Ruffles Lapsister
Recitation ..... Susie Pupnik
Talk ..... B. T. Barnes
Declamation ..... Margaret Sticker
Talk ..... E. L. Zemster

Afternoon Session.

Music ..... Orchestra
Recitation ..... Dorothy Collier
Recitation ..... Cora Fisher
Address ..... Fred Edwards, Vocal Solo ..... Aldin Leon
Recitation ..... Ethel Golden
Dialogue ..... Room 2
Address ..... John W. Harbaugh, Assistant County Superintendent
Song ..... Room 2
Recitation ..... Carl Laughry
Recitation ..... Lizaugin Willey
Recitation ..... Freda Willey
Vocal Solo ..... Miss Frances Helritto
Personal ..... Harriet Willey
Recitation ..... Freda Willey
Address ..... John S. Carroll, County Superintendent.

PRINCIPAL MILLER

Named as Health Officer For Nearby Townships.

W. E. Miller, supervising principal of the Bullskin township schools, has been appointed health officer for Connellsville, Bullskin and Upper Tyrone townships.

Mr. Miller resides near Hammondville.

Coconut from Honolulu.

A coconut received by C. B. McCormick, foreman of The Courier composing room, from Edwin Towzy in Honolulu is on display in the window of the Frisbee Hardware company. It was picked from a tree in the yard where Mr. Towzy lives. Also in the Frisbee window is one sent by Miss Katherine Frisbee from Florida.

Joseph Ludwick Dies.

Joseph Ludwick, 71 years old, a well-known resident of Star Junction, died Sunday night at 5 o'clock. His widow and the following children survive: Mrs. Daniel Aspenwald, J. C. and Andrew Ludwick, and Mrs. W. F. Wagner, all of Star Junction.

Presidential Campaign Costly.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Campaign costs of electing a president of the United States in 1920 were $10,338,509 as estimated by a special committee created to investigate them which today filed its report with Congress.

The Grim Reaper

CHRIST C. KUHNS.

Christ C. Kuhns, a resident of Uniontown for the past 20 years, died Sunday morning following a lingering illness. He is survived by his widow, his aged father, Daniel K. Kuhns of Everson; two sisters, Mrs. Adeline Guptill of Everson and Mrs. Kate Isecrut of Ligonier, and two brothers Abraham of Uniontown and Arouzo of Wilmerding.

DR. A. M. LICHTY.

Dr. A. M. Lichty, 61 years old, a prominent physician of Elkhick, near Meyersdale, died Sunday night of paralysis.

MRS HUGH L. RANKIN.

Mrs. Hugh L. Rankin, a former resident of Uniontown, died suddenly in her apartments in the Alexandria hotel at Los Angeles, Cal., where she was spending the winter with Miss Anna Dawson of Uniontown. Mrs. Rankin, located in Uniontown many years ago as the bride of Hugh L. Rankin, for a long time owner of the Central hotel. Since her husband's death she had made periodical visits to Uniontown for a few months, but most of her time had been spent at the Bellevue-Stratford in Philadelphia.

MRS. MARGARET KEISTER.

Anna Margaret Keister, 94 years old, died Wednesday night at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Anna Hoey, at Jeannette. She was the widow of David Keister of near Harrison City, who died 20 years ago.

MRS. GEORGE COSGROVE MASON.

Mrs. Mary Cosgrove Mason widow of William Thomas Mason, died Wednesday afternoon at her home in Uniontown.

JOHN FRITSCHER.

John Fritscher, a brother-in-law of Miss Elizabeth Kellenberger of West Green street, died Thursday at his home, 1831 Rose street, Pittsburg. He married Miss Mary Kellenberger, who died two years ago. He frequently visited at the Kellenberger home in Green Street and has a number of friends here.

CLYDE MORRIS.

A telegram received Friday by Alderman W. D. Colborn announced the death at Weirton, W. Va., of Clyde Morris, 13 years old, son of Mrs. Hazel Morrison, who before a second marriage was the wife of Ralph Morris. Death was caused by pneumonia after effects, the boy having been stricken three months ago and having undergone several operations. The mother, who is now the wife of Arthur Morrison, was formerly employed in the office of Alderman Colborn and is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George D. Shaw of Willow Brook farm, near Gaymore's Mill.

JOSEPH MELIN.

Joseph Melin, 75 years old, died Friday night at the home of his brother, Ferris Melin, 915 West Crawford avenue, of pneumonia. He had been ill since last Saturday. Deceased was born in Syria and had been in this country for about 25 years coming to Connellsville about two years ago from Indianapolis, Ind. He is survived by one son, Elias Joseph of Uniontown; one daughter, Mabel wife of George Joseph of Uniontown, and one brother, Ferris Melin.

HARRY T. MILLER.

Harry T. Miller, 36 years old, a former resident of Connellsville, died Sunday morning at his home in Washington, D. C., of Bright's disease. Mr. Miller was born at Hyndman, a son of H. W. Miller of Rogers Mills, and the late Mrs. Amanda Miller of Hyndman. Previous to moving to Washington several years ago Mr. Miller resided in Connellsville and was a printer for the Daily News. Since locating in Washington he was employed at the government printing office. Mr. Miller was married to Miss Edna Rankin of Connellsville, a niece of Mrs. Henry Hetzel of Aetna street. In addition to his widow, he is survived by one son, Rankin, his father and stepmother, and the following sisters: Mrs. Orville Maybe, Winfield, Kan.; Mrs. F. S. Kynus, Tennessee; Mrs. Archer Paul, Philadelphia; Mrs. William McFarland, Keyser, W. Va., and Mrs. G. W. McCoy, Misses Eula, Birdella and Ruth Miller, all of Washington, D. C.

Charles L. Martin Dead.

Charles L. Martin, 65 years old, died this morning at 2 o'clock at his home at Perryopolis. He is survived by the following children: A. G., Chester and Milton Martin, all of Perryopolis; Frank of Mount Vernon, O., and Arthur of Star Junction. One brother, Isaac Martin, of Perryopolis, also survives.

Advertise in The Weekly Courier.

DUNBAR PEOPLE REGRET LOSS OF REV. M'KLVEEN

Not Confined to Membership of Baptist Church He Has Served.

FREEPORT MINE REOPENED

Reduction in Wages; News of Birth of Grandchild Brings Happiness to Home of Superintendent Carroll.

DUNBAR, March 1.—Not greater is the regret of the congregation than Rev. W. H. McKlveen's retiring from the pastorate of the First Baptist church here than is the regret of the people of the town and community among whom his ministrations during the past seven years have been a continual blessing. Going around among the people doing good cheerfully and by his genial nature, he was a source of comfort to the sick and consolation to the sorrowing and bereaved, and never ceasing the gospel of brotherhood and living up to his profession, it is no wonder all regret to see him leave. It would not be so bad were he to move to some nearby town or city, because of greater convenience. His 80 years have been well spent, but were it not for the consideration of which he is an honored and faithful member to the members who have reached the age of four score years he would never consent to his going.

During his pastorate at Dunbar, the church has prospered in all lines and he will leave it strongly and in better condition than it has ever been before in its history.

The American Manganese Manufacturing company resumed one of the Freeport mines having enrolled about 25 miners who, it is by [illegible] agreed to go to work at a reduction of 25 per cent from the flat scale which has been operative in the company's mines for many years. A larger number of their former employees have secured employment in other mines and did not go back.

The news of last Monday evening brought additional happiness to the home of County Superintendent J. S. Carroll and broaded the smile on his genial countenance, and no wonder, for only the night before the announcement came his youngest daughter, Mrs. Rene Carroll Strong of the West Side, Connellsville, had a visit from the frequent stork and that a fine eight-pound daughter had been left at her cottage. And this fifth grandchild of his, cannot find as much room and as warm a place in the superintendent's heart as any of the others. The babe has been named Mary Jos phine.

E. G. Lehman is rapidly improving.

D. A. Keffer is completing improvements on his property on Ferguson road.

Mrs. Margaret Thorpe McNair of Keffers, who has been on the sick list for the past two weeks, is convalescent.

In spite of the snow and inclement weather, the children, robins, bluebirds and some other migratory birds continue with us.

John Marshall has completed extensive improvements in and around his residence in Connellsville street.

STRATFORD SOLD

South Pittsburg Street Apartment Building Valued at $35,000.

The Stratford apartment hotel at the corner of Church place and South Pittsburg street, have been purchased from E. T. Porter of Toledo by J. Donald Potter of this city. The purchase was made private, and investment, it is said. The price paid was $35,000.

The building is now occupied by Collins drug store, the Nora machinery parlor and J. B. Vanderlin's tire repairing shop. Apartments occupy the second and third floors of the structure a brick building. No changes will be made at present, it is said.

Home From Hospital.

D. O. Evans, who has been at the Passavant hospital, Pittsburg, for treatment of injuries received in a railroad wreck, accompanied by his mother, Mrs. James Wanley and Mrs. Ira Friend, returned home yesterday. Mr. Evans is a Baltimore & Ohio brakeman.

Unable to Check Slaughter-house Fire, Mount Pleasant Fighters Turn Attention to Rats and Swat 200

MOUNT PLEASANT, March 1.—Members of the fire department put their energies to useful work early this morning when, responding to an alarm of fire at the slaughter-house of Samuel Weinberg, at the east end of town, along the car line, they found the blaze beyond their control. While the flames crackled "hundreds of rats trooped out and every fireman armed himself with a club and killed rats."

Nearby there was a crabapple thicket owned by Tony Lombardi, which had been cleared out, and the butts of the young trees made excellent clubs with which the firemen set to work in the light of the blazing structure.

"About 200" lay dead when the work was completed and the firemen assert very few escaped the onslaught. There are a number of homes not far from the scene and it was seen by the firemen that this was the only thing to do to prevent the vicinity being overrun by the rodents.

The slaughter-house was destroyed. Some meat in a refrigerator was burned.

The fire is believed to have been caused by tramps who slept in the place. The alarm was turned in at 2 o'clock.

February Receipts of Police Department Set New Record; Pass $1,500

Police receipts for February will be well over the $1,500 mark, a new record in the history of the city, the total being swelled by $600 in forfeits secured early Sunday morning on a raid on a house in Water street, where 12 arrests were made. Other fines and forfeits secured over the week-end amounted to $50. A record was established last month when the receipts amounted to $1,333.

Patrolmen Ritchie, Thomas, Hemberson and Stevens swooped down on the Water street establishment after watching it for several hours and made 12 arrests. One man got away. Patrolman Stevens shot at him but the fugitive failed to stop.

Forfeits of $50 were collected from each of the prisoners, all of whom paid. They gave their names as John Frigas, Thomas Chirpas, R. G. Fenia, Francis Campbell, George Brown, Pete Papernotias, Nick Harris, Mike Pappas, Pete Volnar, Peter Pupse, James Sparias, Darino Pucciara. Several of the names are said to have been fictitious.

Chief McDonald expressed satisfaction at the activity of the officers in keeping down the gambling which for a time had almost full sway here.

"This city is in pretty good shape now," commented the chief. "We will get them all eventually even though the progress is slow." He intimated that forfeits would not be made any less as it is the intention to give the city the full benefit when any violators of the law were apprehended.

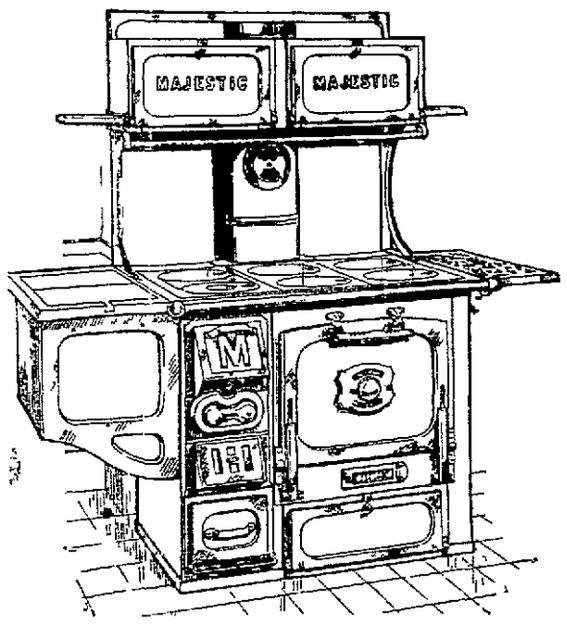
SPECIAL DEMONSTRATION

One Week

ON MAJESTIC RANGES

One Week

February 28 to March 5th



Made in Coal or Combination Coal and Gas

WHICH SHALL IT BE?

Do you intend to continue laboring, burning valuable fuel and destroying high-priced food with that old wornout cook stove?

You KNOW that old stove eats up a lot of fuel each year.

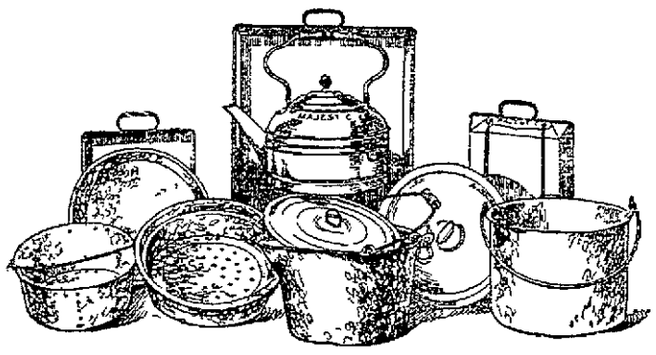
You KNOW you have trouble in getting it to bake just right, in fact, spoil a batch of bread every once in a while—you know it costs considerable for yearly repairs.

Stop and think and figure. Wouldn't it pay you to buy a good range—a range with a reputation.

SATISFACTION is a great thing, any Majestic user will tell you they would not have anything but a Majestic. Wherever we sell a Majestic we make a customer, hence there is a two-fold SATISFACTION.

The Great Majestic

with the patent copper tank or reservoir. This reservoir holds 12 gallons of water. The water is always hot. Very handy for country homes. It is as easy to lift off and on as an empty wash boiler. The water will heat while the breakfast is cooking. This reservoir is worth half the price of the range and is surely something greatly needed by the farmer's wife. This range can also be furnished without the reservoir and you can buy the reservoir later if needed.



This $10 Set of Ware, or a Fine Set of Aluminum Ware

FREE

As a special inducement during our Demonstration Week only, we will give with every Majestic sold one handsome set of kitchen ware as illustrated or a fine set of Aluminum ware

Every piece is the finest of its kind and the entire set cannot be purchased for less than $10.00 The price of the Majestic remains the same and the quality of the stove is the same This kitchen ware is an out and out present See it at our store

This Majestic is made in many different styles, Cabinet style, on legs, with or without reservoir and are also made in the COMBINATION GAS AND COAL RANGE. This range has a separate gas baker which is entirely independent from the coal baker, and is the ONLY ABSOLUTELY SATISFACTORY WAY FOR A COMBINATION RANGE. It has been proven times without number that one baker cannot be built so that it will bake perfectly with gas or coal. A gas baker MUST HAVE AIR and a coal baker MUST BE TIGHT. Therefore we advise that whatever kind you buy do not be fooled on this POINT.

STOP! THINK! FIGURE!

Your wife cooks a thousand meals a year. Your range is used more than all your other furniture combined Then why not buy the best the Majestic?

THE GREAT MAJESTIC, THE RANGE WITH A REPUTATION WON.

GOLD MEDAL—the highest award at the Panama Pacific International Exposition at San Francisco, St. Louis, Portland, Seattle, Jamestown, Knoxville and Omaha.

For nearly a quarter of a century, ever since MAJESTIC RANGES have been on the market it has swept from all competitors the highest prizes offered at WORLD'S FAIRS, and similar Expositions. There has not been a single break or exception. This betokens an article of extraordinary and unquestionable merit. It is admitted to mean much when such a prize is won even once, but when the winning is repeated year after year, and when the Judges are chosen from the most prominent men in their lines, from the four quarters of the globe, we are justified in our contention that we have the best Range on earth

Here Are Some MAJESTIC Users in this Vicinity—Ask Them About the GREAT MAJESTICS.

CONNELLSVILLE, PA
H W Bridegum
Mrs Pauline Hosfelt
Walter Fike
Mrs Minnie Cole
Otto Conrad
T J Brennen
Mrs Ella Brown R D No 5
C B Keffer
R W Anderson
Rocco Cudobatot
Mrs Gertrude McCullo
John Allen
W A. Bishop
H E Howard
C R Craft
Emery Sleasman
Frank Newell
Frank Nicholson
John Manges
R Marietta
A R. Kooser
Clark Ramage
Clark Grim
John Menster
W S Elaner
James Newell
Mrs Emma Vandergrift
P R Noon
Mary Wagner
J H Nicholson
Carman Renzi
Fred Leighty R D 1
Chas Philippi
Mrs John Means R D No 3
C H Ackerman
Wm Geary R D No 2
J B Clifford R D 1
A E Gunningham
Commodore Fike
W R Avery
Chris Boonet
Mike Bernardo
Geo Etling
Wm Johnson R D No 1
Mrs H J Matson
J L Snyder R D No
Simon Tinkey
Jacob Brass
Frank Gallo
J H Carpenter
B C Brown R D No
A P Stullwagon
Jos Hough
George Iser
E Cumberland R D
W A Leighter
Geo Bartholomai
W H Yates
Chas Hartz
Lyman S Pope
Martin O Hara
P F Grove
M E Frazee
James Strange

LEISENRING NO 1, PA.
Thos Butler
Leonard Schivino
Jos Szepesi
Dan Molna
Mrs Mary Linney
J A Shutsy
Nicholas Riley
John Burns
A B Corbin
J L Keefer
J O Laughlin
Mrs Mary Crosso
Andrew Alexander
C W Newcome

REIDMORE, PA
J A Yulius

PROTER, PA
Leon Fasson
W H Anderson
Carmel Pastello
John Gebe
Joseph Herzell
A W Funk
James Grafe
Thomas Boyle
Mike Micholic
Raymond Wozniak
Mrs Rose Hoey
I H Luckey
Wm Kerns
Clifton Parrish
John Rohabaver
Philip Meegan
Shelby Shives

SMITHTOWN, PA
J O Nicholson
Charles Schrock
Mrs A Coughenour
Henry Fette
Isaac Leighty
Elmer Hough
A C Brothers
R I Shoemaker
Geo Kohl
A I Stullwagon
Wm Hough

MURPHY SIDING, PA.
C C Warrick
Mrs Minnie Miner
D B Mills
Charles Swank

NEW SALEM PA
N Lindout
Jesse Wilson

SCOTTDALE, PA
H I Kennell
Walter Kienbrook

HILBERT WORKS PA
John F Kridle

MORRITT, PA
John Walker

LEISENRING, NO 1, PA
Wm Bunnell
Wm Dowe

OHIOPYLE, PA
Branson Daniels
Geo Junk
J H Wilburn
D P Collins
Ohiopyle Hotel

NORMALVILLE PA
H M Whipkey
Jacob Basinger
Mrs Katherine Grimm
G N Pritts
Jerry Firestone
Samuel Shultz

JENKINS, Pa
J I Davis
Frank Kosiak
Merit Coughenour
S I Newman
H B Rittenberger

DAWSON, PA.
Ollie Fisher
P Griffith

POPLAR GROVE PA
Clarence Beeman
W Kerns
F W Jones
Roy Otto

SOUTH CONNELLSVILLE, PA
Mrs Susan Bible
Theo Groh
Lee Kimmell
James Wingwell
M O Coughenour
George Bartholomai
E A Dunn

STEWARTON, PA
C H Jeffries
Frank Shoemake
Jacob Schroyer
Charles Obler
D P Hilbinel

WHELEN
J J Stout
Edw Michaels

SMITHTON, PA
Walter Jobes

MILL RUN, PA
Mrs Catherine Spickel
Mrs Celesta Spiel

CHAMPION, PA.
R T Black

BRIARCREEK PA
Geo Putt
J H Stullwagon
Mrs Susan Swank

SUMMIT, PA
J A Hartford
Clarence Upton

DUNBAR, PA.
Adam Kregel
C F Buxbee
Alexander Weaver
Otis McClain
Bradley Ball
Jo Bukosky
H I Brown
J L Keffer

ADELAIDE, PA
Mrs F Collins
Mrs George S Miller

INDIAN HEAD, PA
Fred P Miller
Charles Rose
Harry Pitts
Charles Barnhart
C S Peters
I M Beal
Geo Davis
Rece Sparks

VANDERBILT, PA
Edw Lewis
Geo Supernits
John M Conn
N C Sherrard
O W Mossel

LOAEBROOK, PA.
Wm Llewellyn

PLEASANT VALLEY, PA
P Hairshner

PERRYOPOLIS, PA
H F Sisley
Chas W Nutt

BROAD FORD PA
Hiram Hall
I W Pear

DICKERSON RUN PA.
H C Hilings n
James O Gilmore
Ellsworth Conn

JONES MILLS, PA
L B Otto
Charles Lowry

OLIVER NO PA
P C McClain

FAYTON, PA
John Gardner
Fred Edwards

DEPTH PA
Catherine Leary

COOLSPRING PA
Ralph A Sullivan
Carrie Evans

GRINDSTONE, PA
Mrs Samuel German
H L Gore

FAIRBANKS PA
F J Kabe

UNIONTOWN PA
Wm Cline Enis [illegible]

COME and see the Majestic Coal Range in operation with paper smoke pipe. This we do to show that there is very little heat going out the smoke pipe. They are indeed a fuel saver. An expert range man from the factory will be with us all week to show you the many advantages of the MAJESTIC.

BY ALL MEANS COME!

Anderson=Loucks Hardware Co.

UNIONTOWN STORE— Opposite P. R. R. Station. CONNELLSVILLE STORE—Crawford Avenue